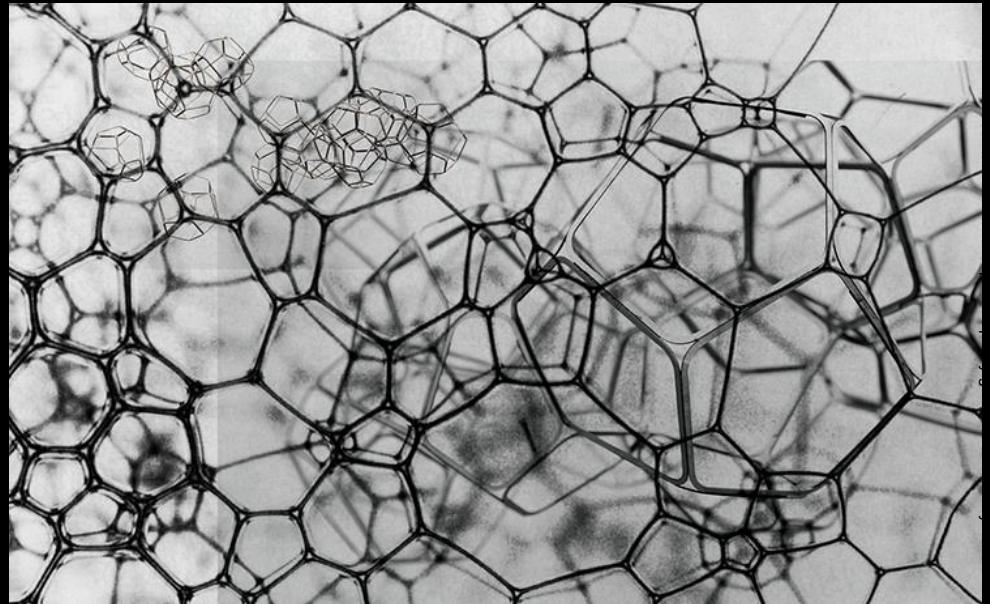
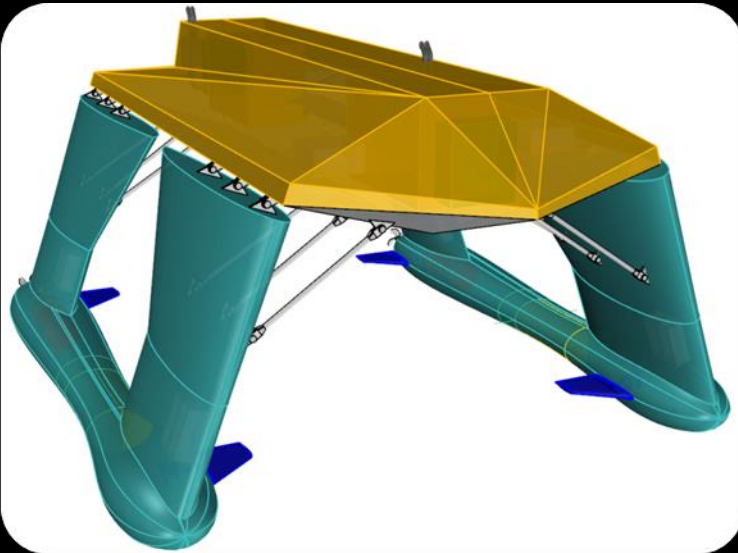


# 2D to 3D MICROSENSOR IMAGING ARRAYS

Stan Ivanov, David Fries, Geran Barton  
College of Arts  
University of South Florida  
Email: [dfries@usf.edu](mailto:dfries@usf.edu)

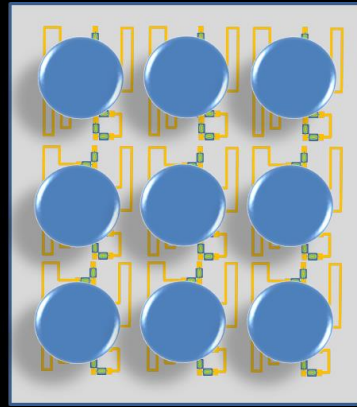


# 1. Packaging Focus: Area Array Packaging in 3D

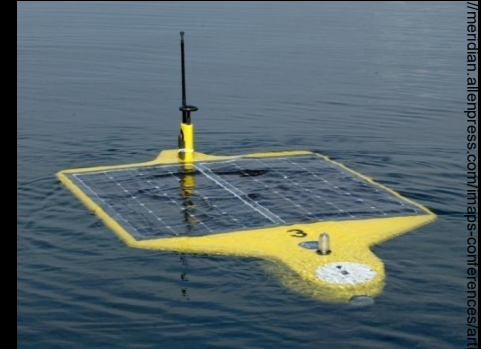
"CTP- Pixel"



"Pixel Array "



Imaging Sensor Skins



Imaging in 3D space



*Sensor systems typically measure a localized space around a single sensor element. Expanding these single sensor elements into arrays and into 3D permits spatial distribution measurements of a particular parameter and allow flux visualizations.*

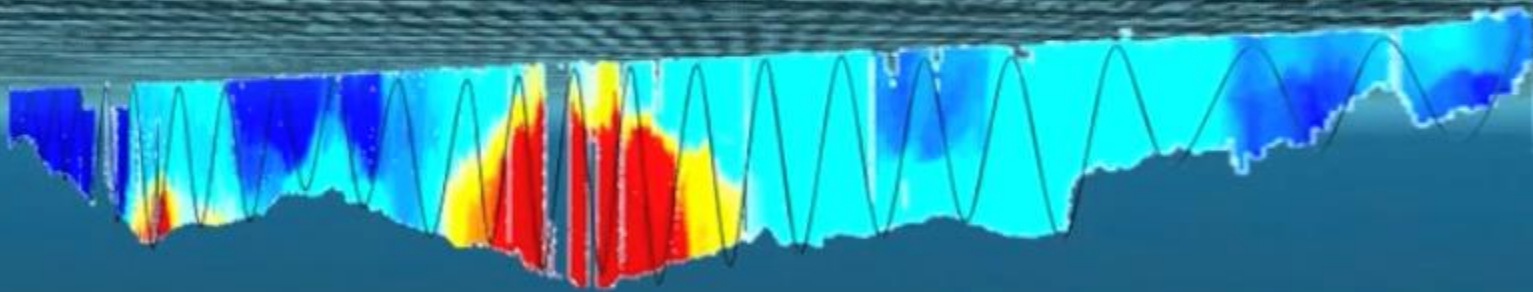




*Most Drone Geometries are non-planar and in 3D*

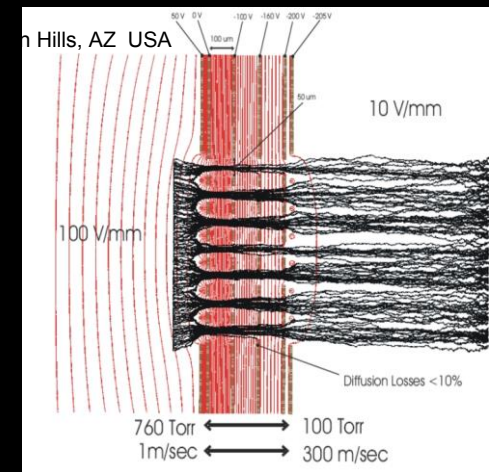
## 2. Mobile Imaging Systems

Macro sensing of environmental parameters (e.g.  $C, T, P$ ) within a fluid across a large field of view.



*Extending the high spatial resolution imaging over large areas is a desirable feature for new "vision" modes on autonomous robotic systems and for deployable environmental sensors.*

# Area Array Packaging



- Create addressable arrays for sensing, and patterned structures and geometries for force and field control/shaping
- Move beyond flat sheets into conformal systems for imaging new environmental parameters
- Explore 2D/3D architectures for nets and volumetric measurement and sampling systems



# Array Sensor Systems- Inspirations

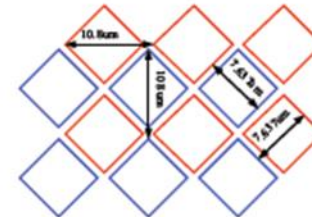
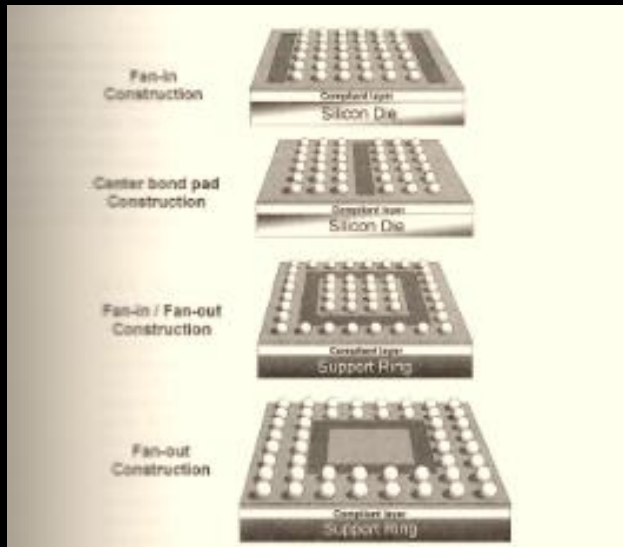
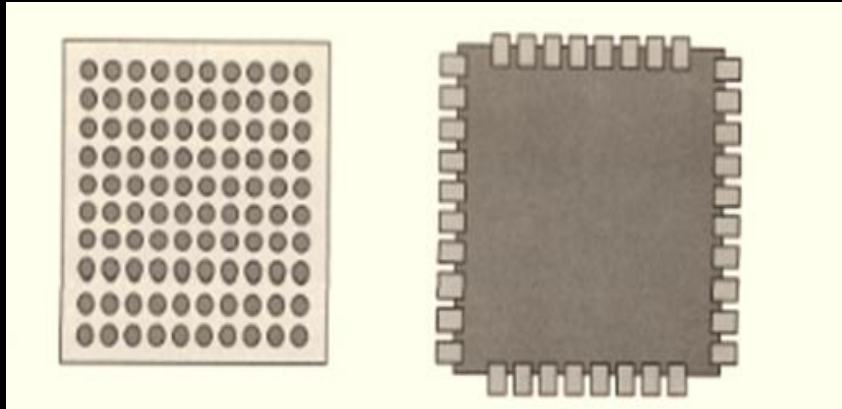


Figure 1-3. 0.45-in. DMD Diamond Pixel Geometry

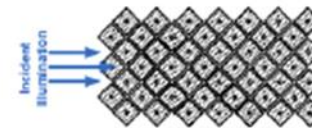


Figure 1-4. 0.45-in. DMD Diamond Pixel Array Configuration

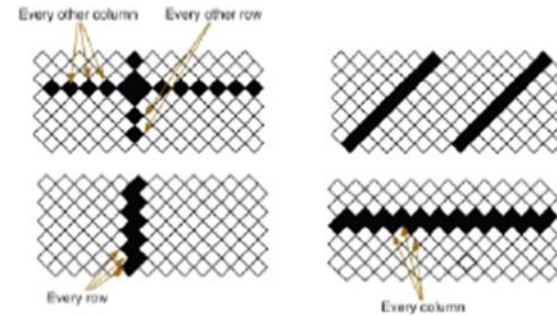
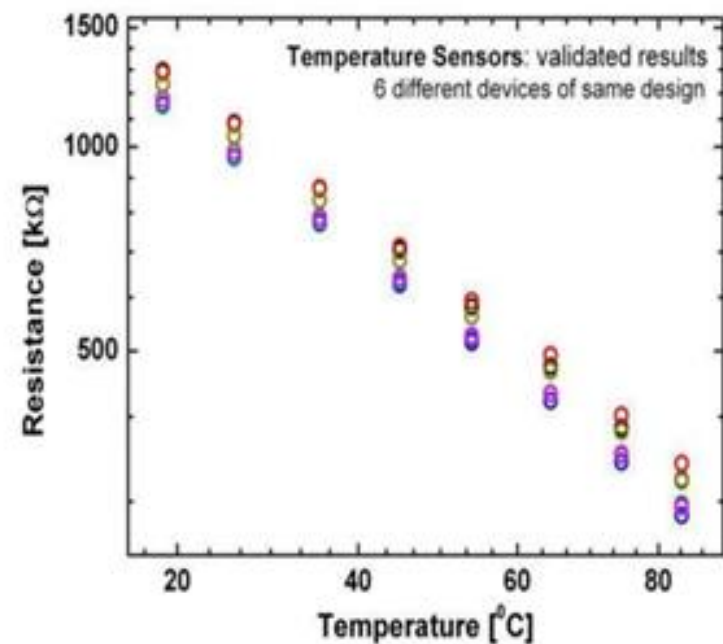
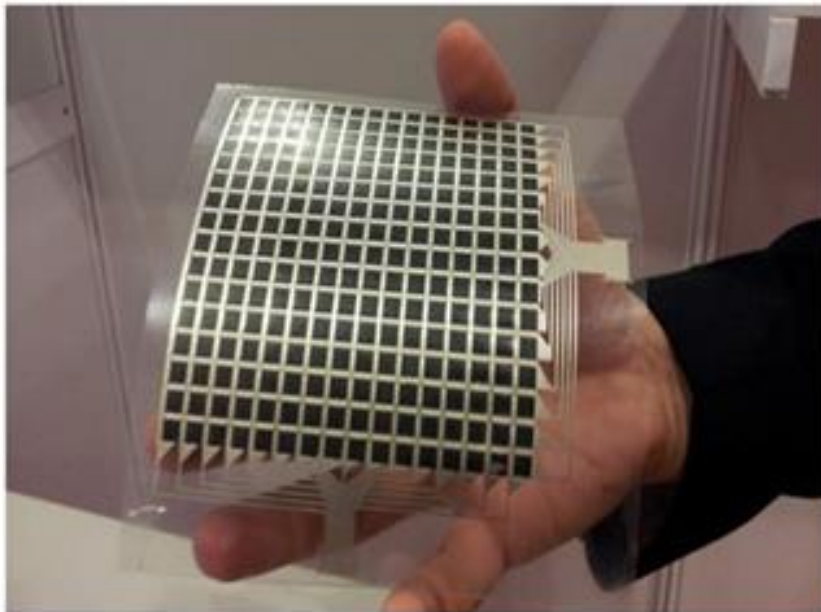


Figure 1-5. Diamond Pixel for Vertical, Horizontal, and Diagonal Lines

# Printed temperature sensor

- PST Sensors
- Based on a silicon ink
- Compatible with a variety of substrates



# Architectural and Construction Approaches

- 2D
  - PCB
  - PCBMEMS
- 3D
  - Current Mono/Bi Materials
  - Emerging One Button Multi Material
- 2.5D
  - Fused PCB and 3DP Processes

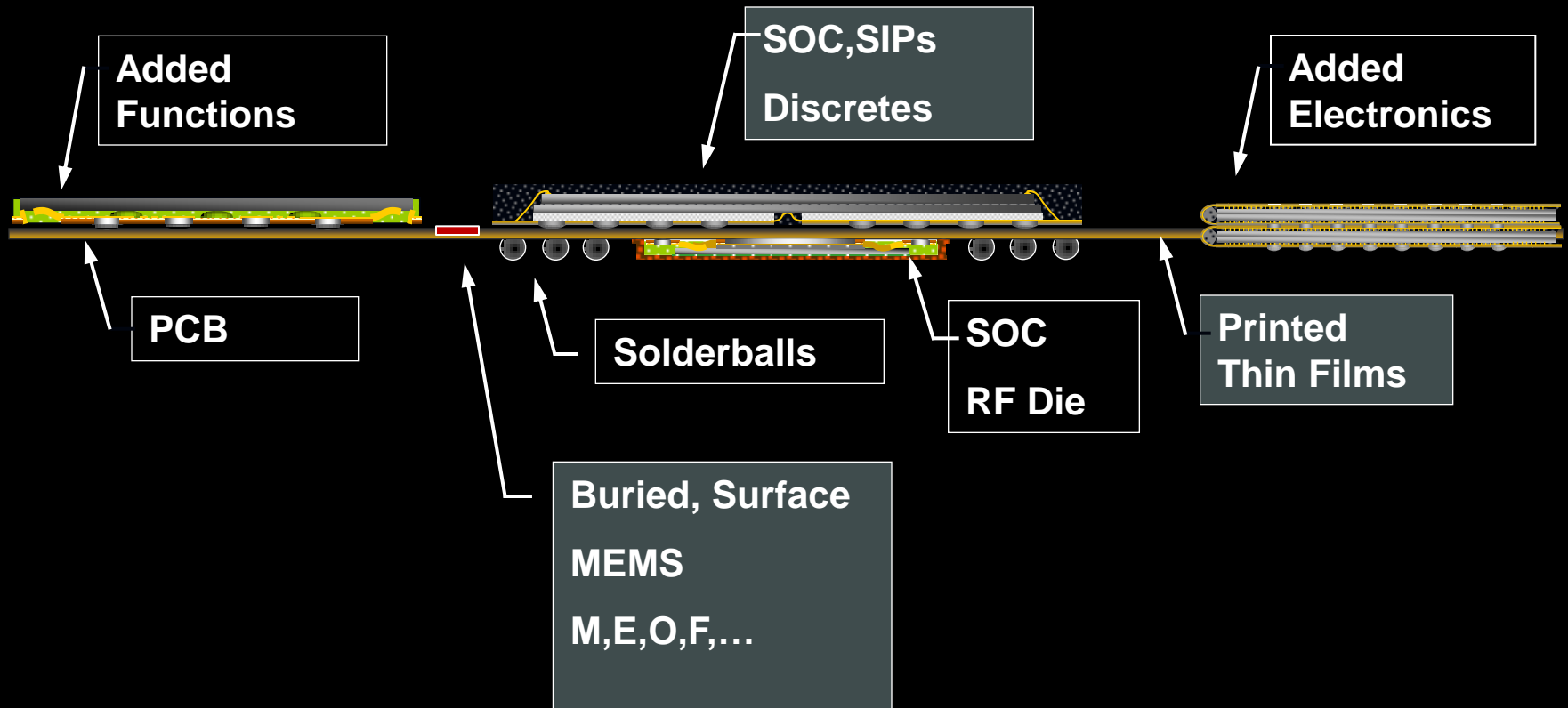




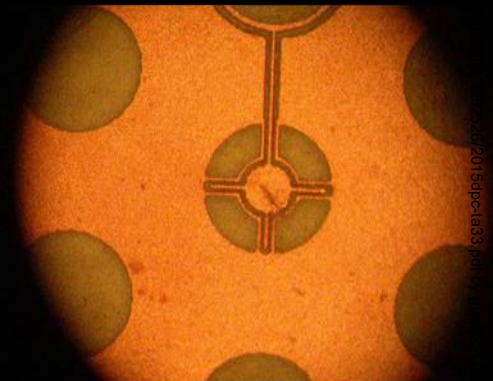
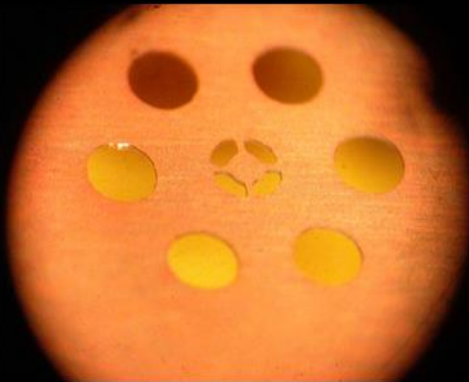
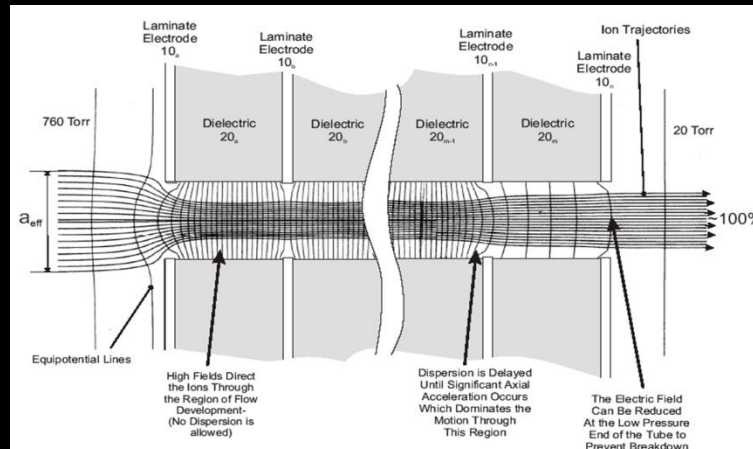
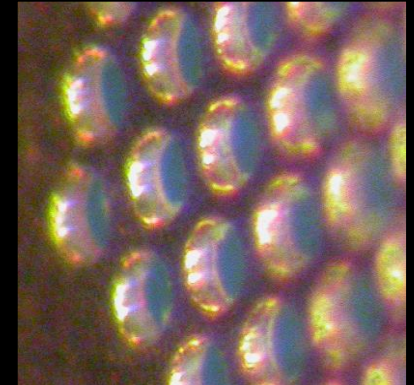
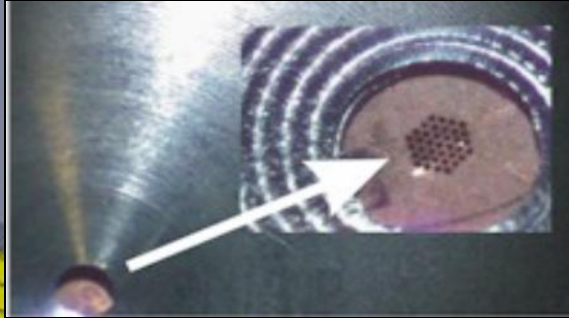
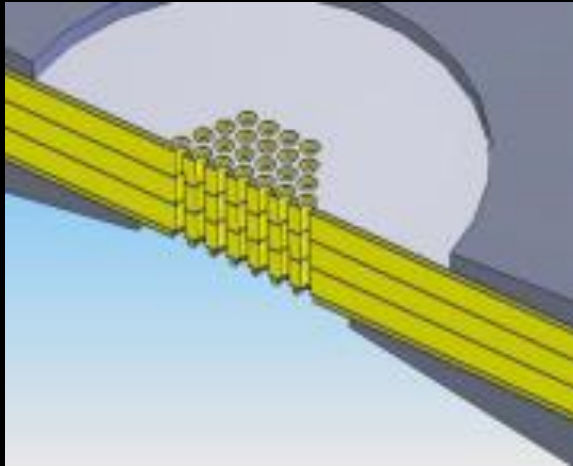
2D  
Fab

# PCB/MEMS Systems

**PCBMEMS:** The combined insertion of mechanical, fluidic, optical and electronic functions into the PCB landscape, which permits a complex “system on a board”.

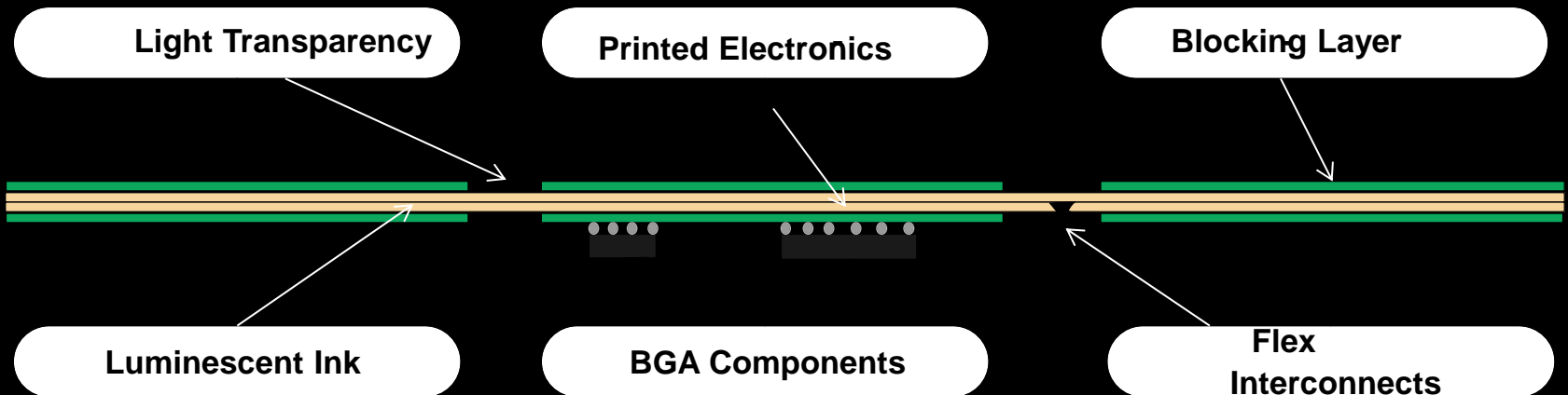
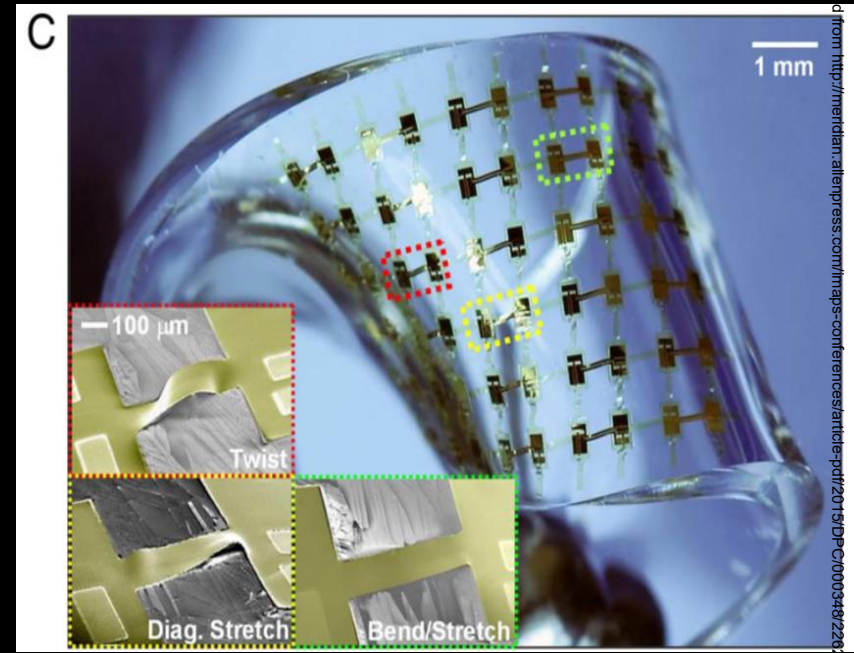
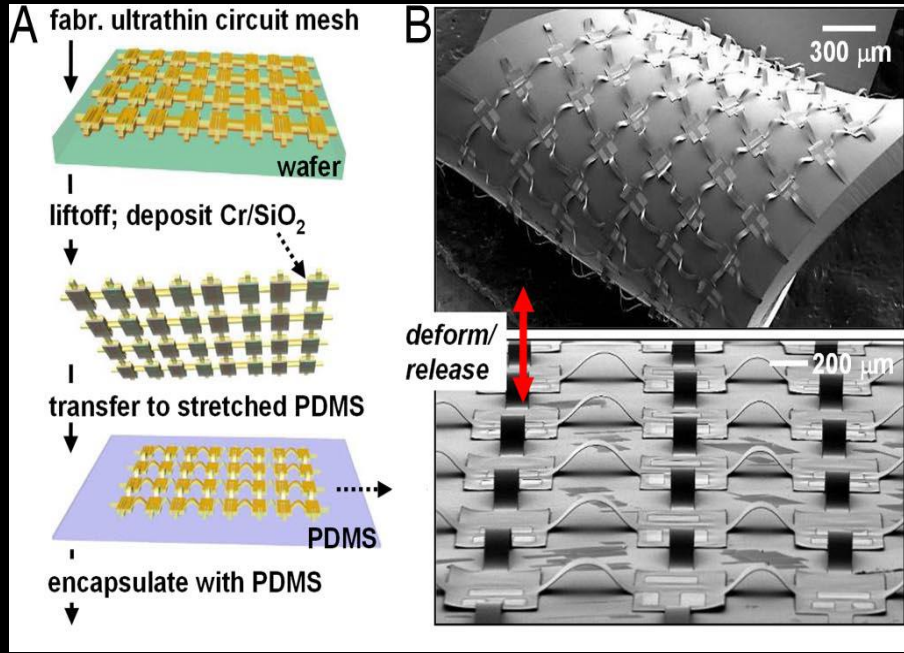


# Micro Ion Optics Devices and Systems

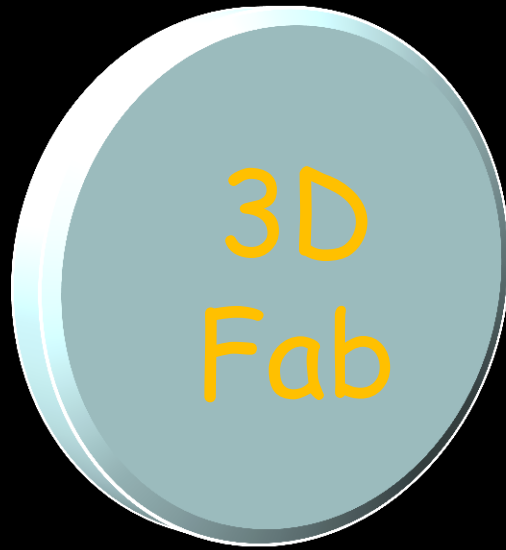


Patterned microstructures and geometries for flow and electrostatic field shaping using PCB-MEMS

# Competitive 2D Process- Printed Electronics







# 3D Direct Printing onto Flat Substrates

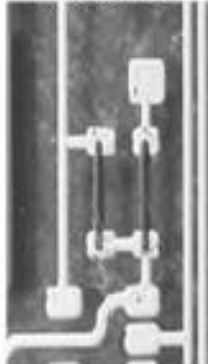
Antenna on UAV



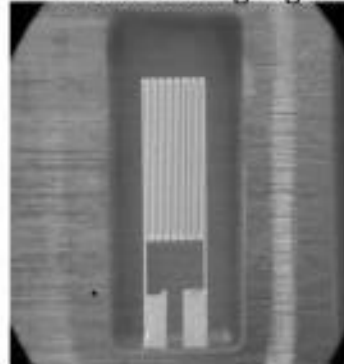
Interconnects on bare die



Resistors



Printed strain gauges



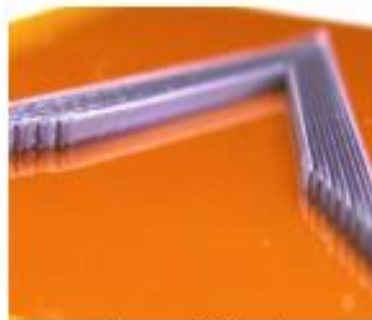
Lattices



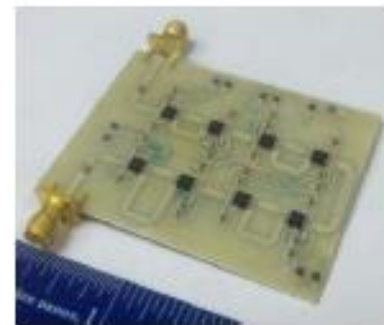
RF strip guides



Ceramic filled  
Polymer



Iron filled  
Silicone



ULTEM™ Printed Silver  
multibit Phase Shifter



2.5D  
Fab

# 2.5D Systems Packaging

## Merged Electronics and Form

### 2D Flex

- Large Area Possibilities
- Conformal and Rigid-Flex
- Established Process
- PCBMEMS systems packaging option

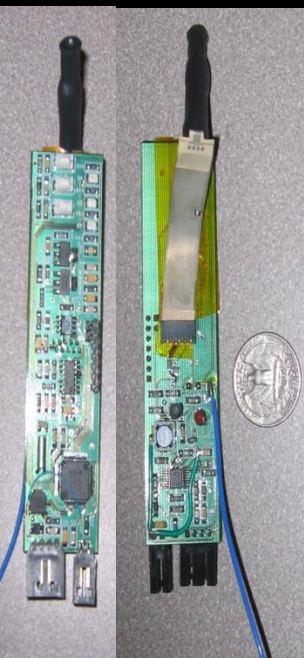
### 3D Print

- Relatively Large Area
- 3D shapes: spheres, tubes, conformal
- Emerging Process
- Structural Materials available

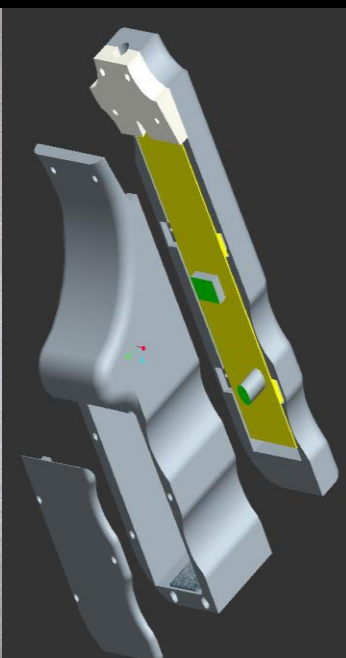


# 2.5D Std Application - Genetic Analyzer

- Instrument produces comparable results to Lab equipment
- Provides on the spot “red light”/“green light” detection
- Data is stored and downloaded via USB
- Prototype runs on 3V disposable battery or via USB power



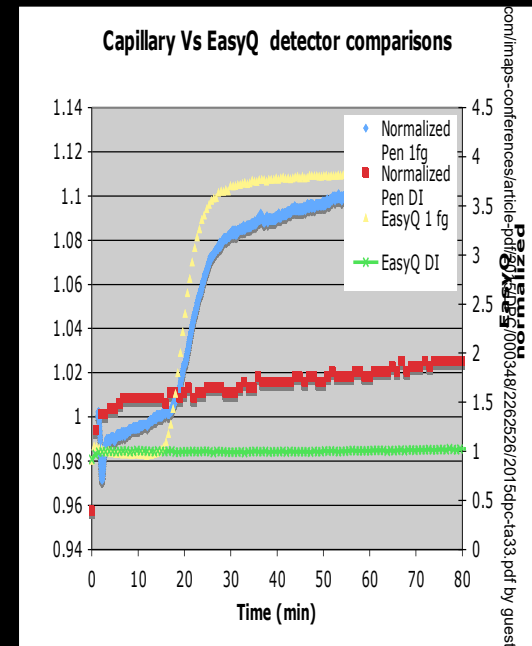
Flex and Rigid Packaging



CAD packaging



Construction of 2.5 prototype

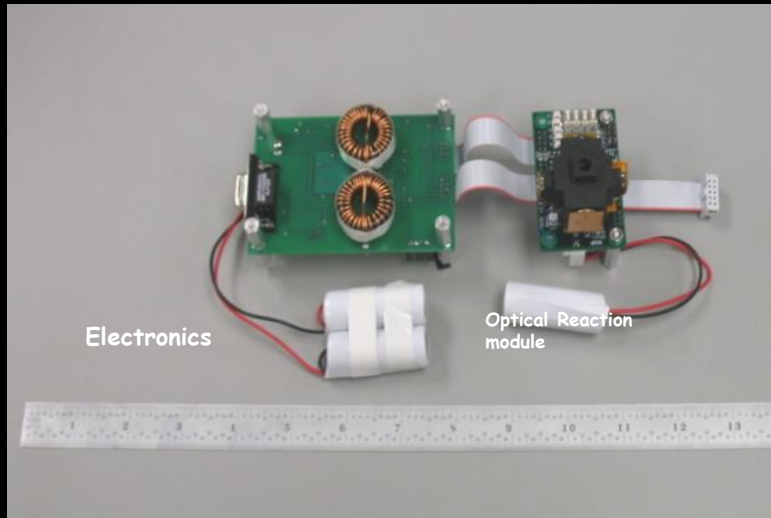


Comparative results



3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Analyzer Internal View

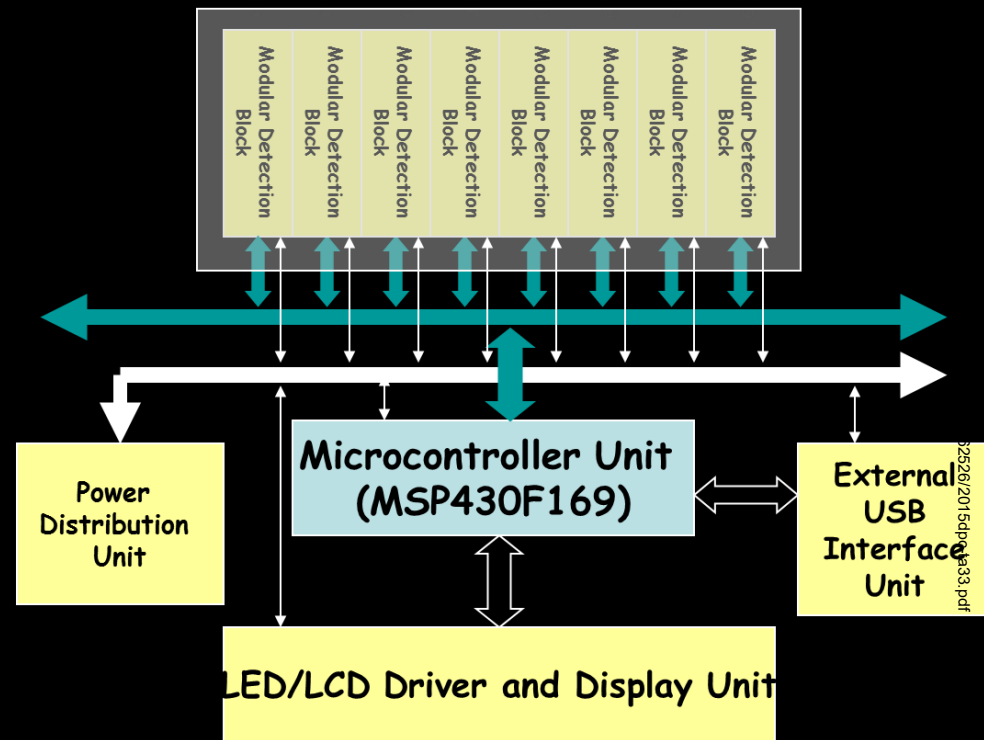
Modules allow simultaneous multi-sample analysis



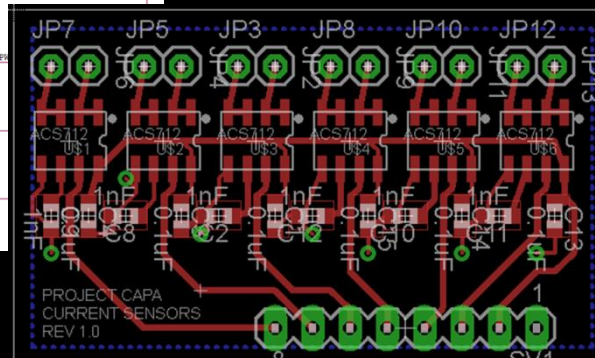
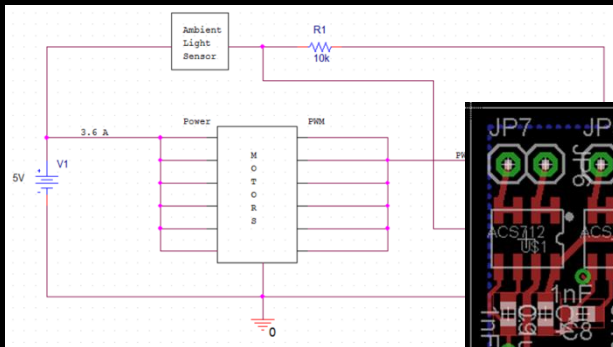
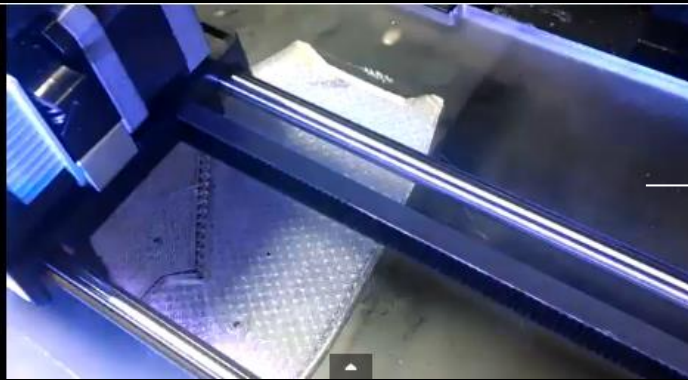
Electronics

Optical Reaction module

## 2.5 D Application Multi-Channel Handhelds Microbial Detector



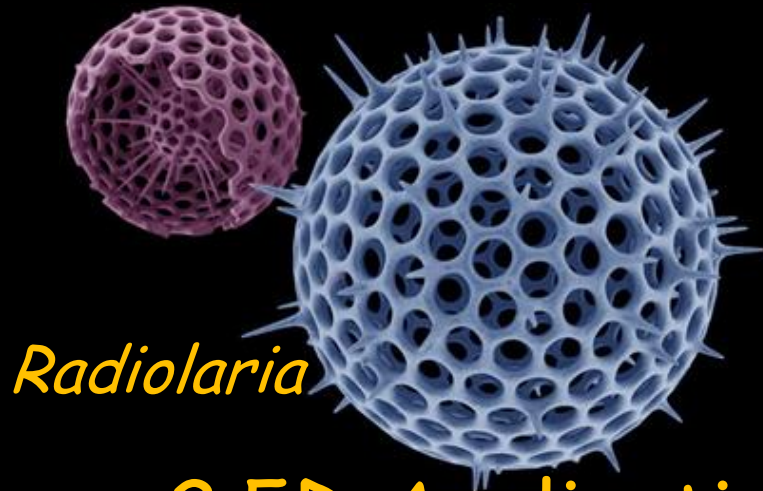
# 2.5D Application - Thought Controlled Prosthetic System



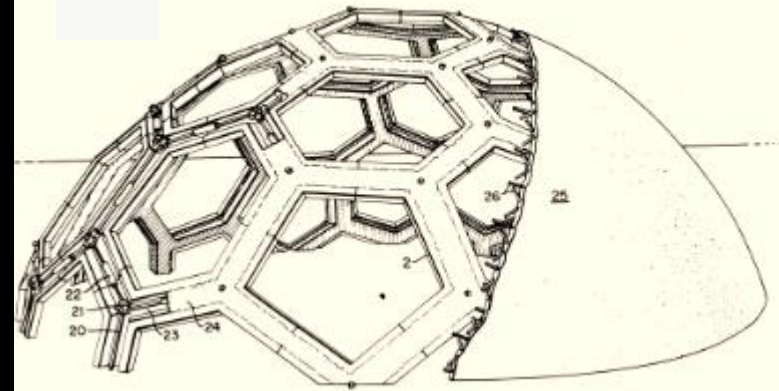
Separate 3DP and Embedded Rigid  
PCB controllers/sensors/actuators

Arduino system-  
Rigid system,  
limited packaging  
options

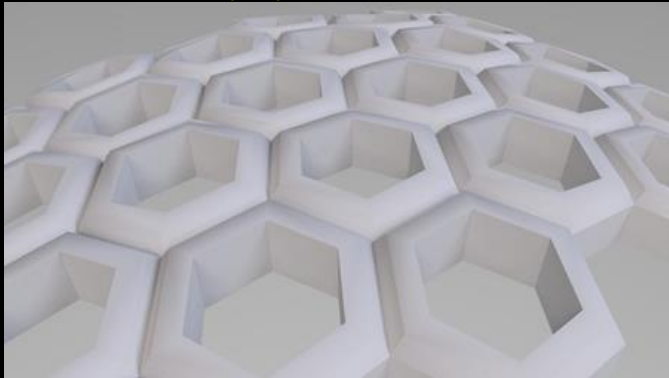




*Radiolaria*



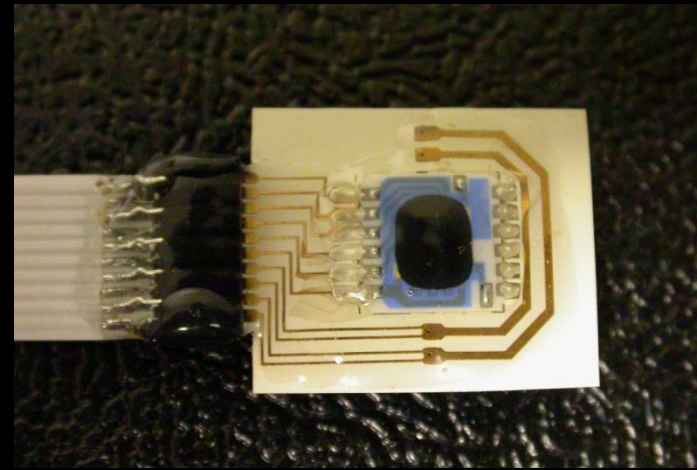
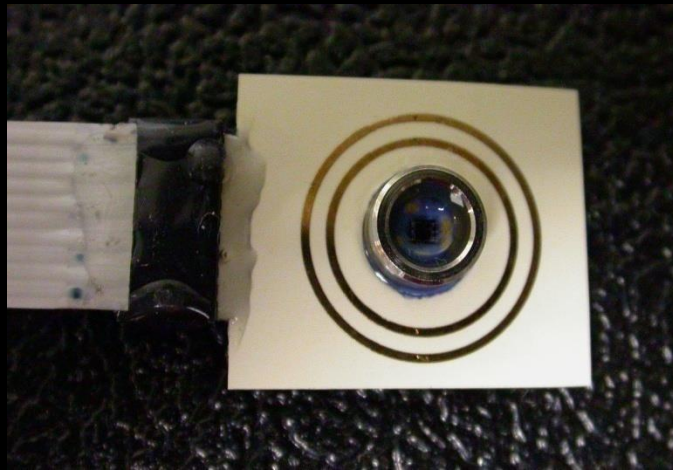
## 2.5D Application - Array Sensor Systems



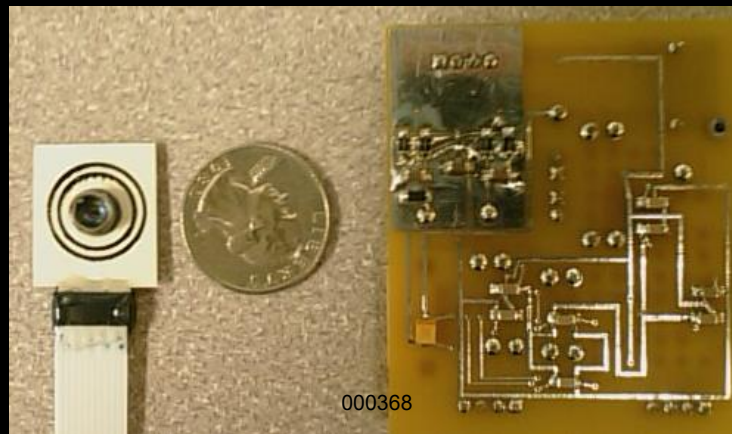
- *Ocean organisms that utilize a similar additive construction process to 3D printing.*
- *Their cell bodies secrete a substance mainly composed of silica to form intricate exoskeletons used as a system of protection.*
- *Correlation can be made between the radiolaria's construction process and the plastic extrusion system of the 3D fused deposition model printer*



# Mini C,T,P- "Salinity"



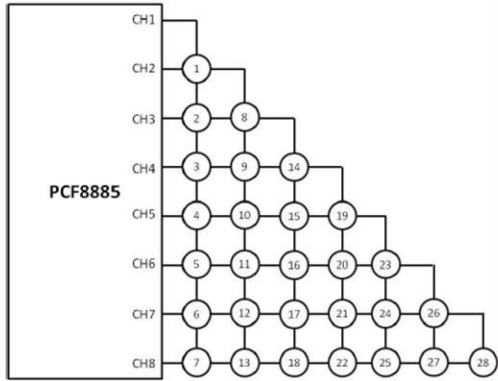
The reduced package size biotag CTD sensor system showing the temperature and pressure chip protruding through a chemically milled via hole along with concentric conductivity rings (front side image-left) and the backside image (right) with chip on flex LCP.



# PCF8885: Single Device with up to 28-Sensors

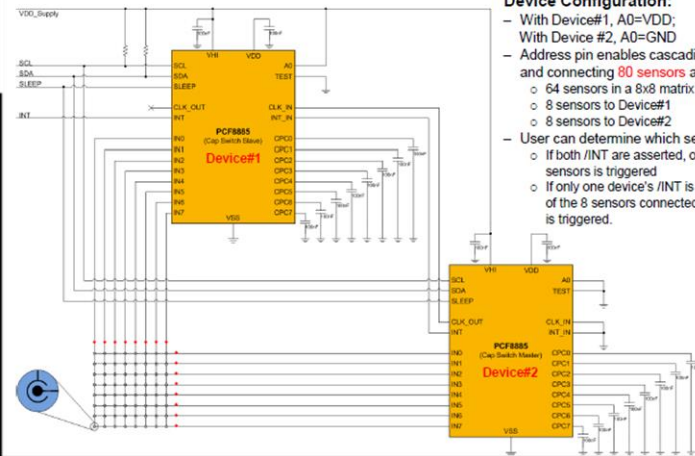
IMAPS 11th International Conference on Device

aging | March 16-19, 2015 | Fountain Hills, AZ, USA



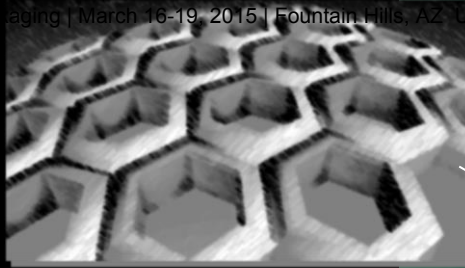
	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- Sensors 1 to 28 are each connected to two channels
- Sensor 1 is connected to CH1 & CH2
- Sensor 2 is connected to CH1 & CH3
- Sensor 8 is connected to CH2 & CH3
- Total of 28 Sensors
- Device should be used in the 2-key mode

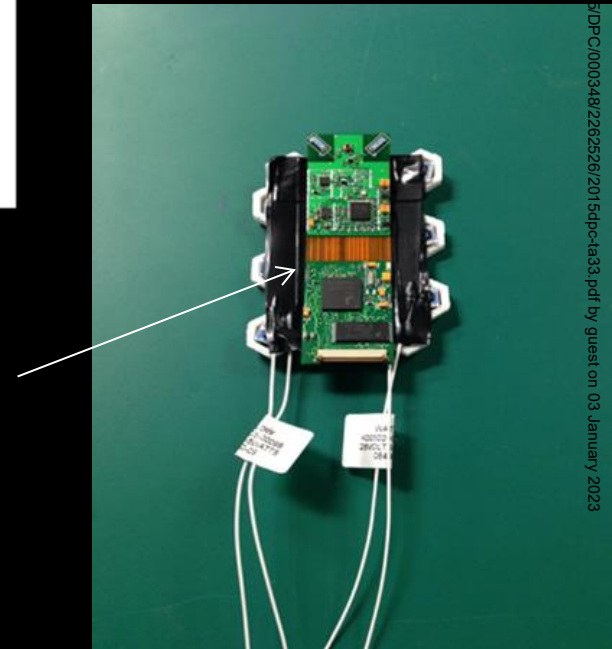
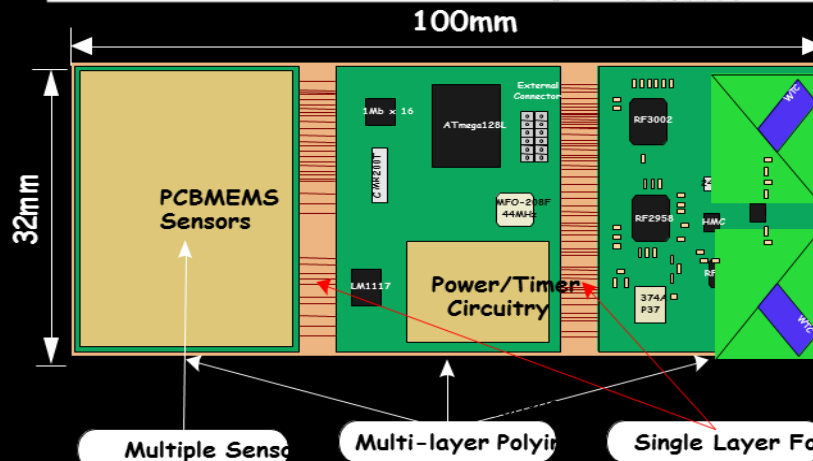


## Device Configuration:

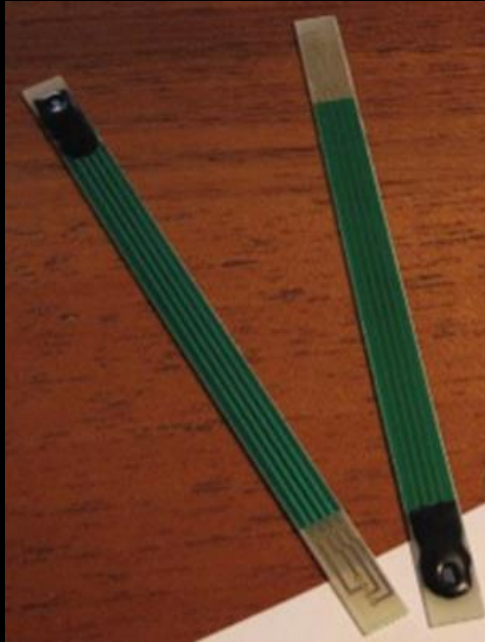
- With Device#1, A0=VDD;
- With Device#2, A0=GND
- Address pin enables cascading of two devices and connecting 80 sensors as follows:
  - 64 sensors in a 8x8 matrix
  - 8 sensors to Device#1
  - 8 sensors to Device#2
- User can determine which sensor is triggered
  - If both /INT are asserted, one of the 64 sensors is triggered
  - If only one device's /INT is asserted, then one of the 8 sensors connected only to the device is triggered.



# Array Salinity Camera System



# pH and list of other candidates



- Bare die ISFET (ion-sensitive field effect transistor)
- Chip on board assembled on standard package
- The die require external AgCl reference on PCB
- The silicon chip has embedded temperature sensor for external compensation.

Electrochemical  
Samplers  
Separation Membranes  
Back Scatter Fluorimetry  
Ion Traps



3D Imagers



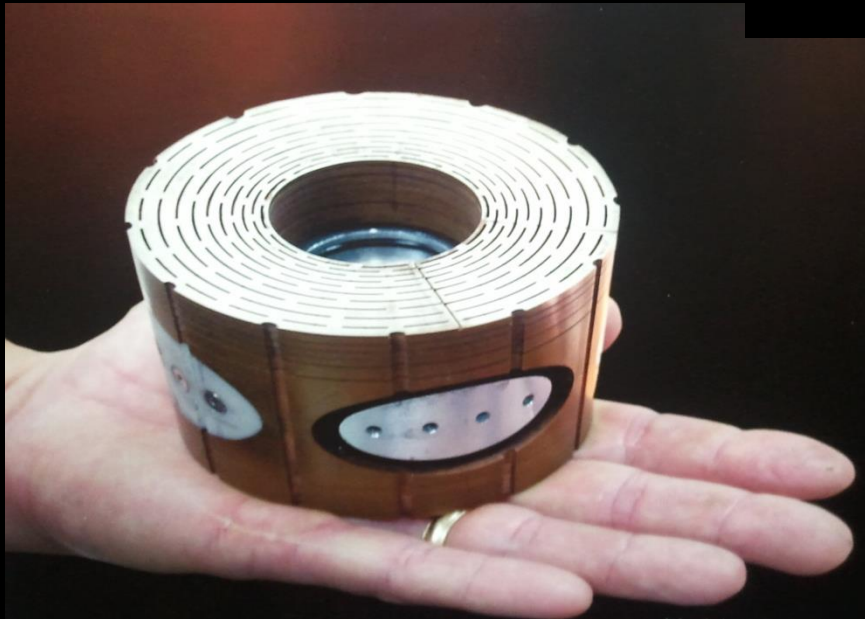
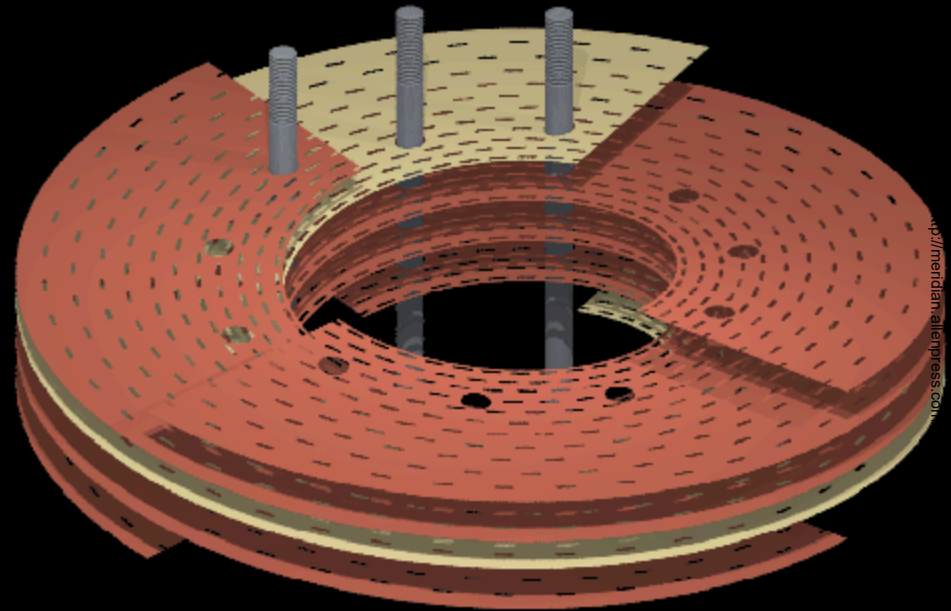
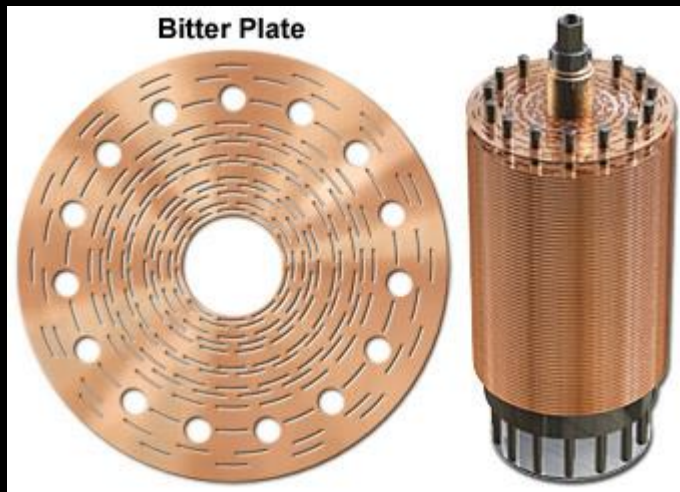
# 3D Printing: Monolithic Material



**Raymond Rumpf:** Spatially variant dielectric grid for electromagnetic fields. Material is UTEM™



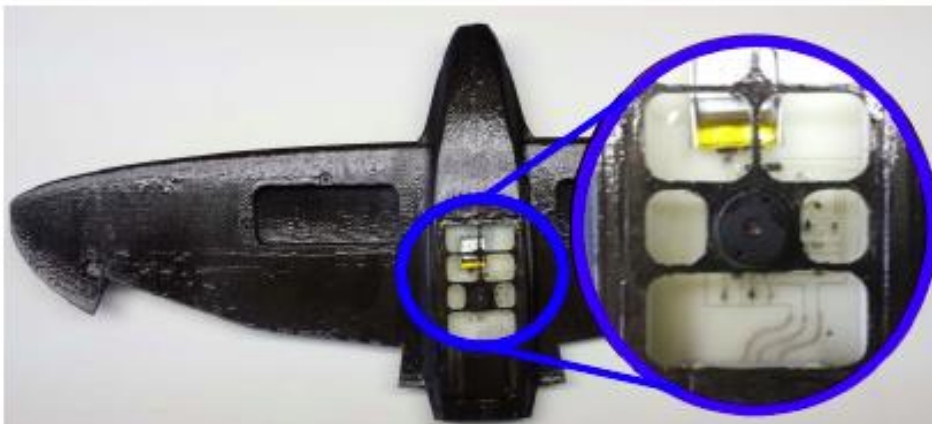
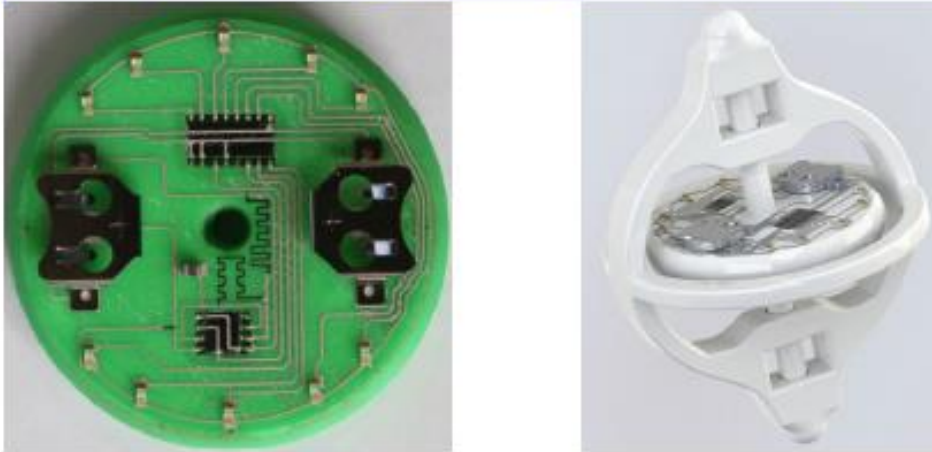
**Ryan Wicker:** Metallic foam for heat exchangers, chemical filters or impact absorbing material. Material is titanium.



**Microsystems by  
Stacking and  
Spacing**

- Direct Printing has the advantage of conformal electronics on diverse surfaces.
- 3D Printing has the advantage of unique true 3D shapes.
- Both have the advantage of Digital to Fabricate.
- The combination produces advanced Electrically Functional Structures

Direct printed timing circuitry on 3D printed top.



Direct printed camera circuitry on 3D printed UAV.

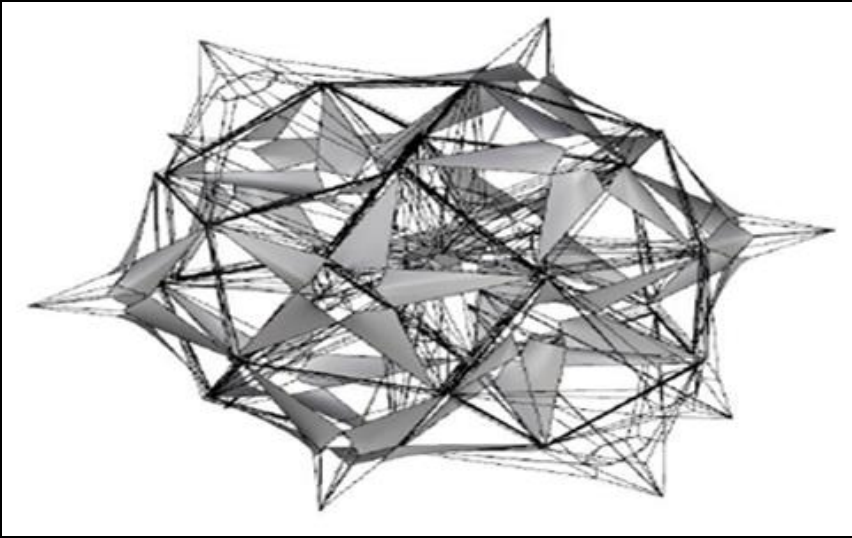
000374

nScript 3Dn Series Multi-Pump tool has options for Direct Printing (SmartPump™) and 3D Printing (nFD Pump™). This can also print composite materials. New materials need to be developed and optimized, but this has been shown to be feasible.





# Architectures: 3D Networks and Space Frames



*Architectural objects for showing distribution of solid planes and supporting struts and string tension members.*

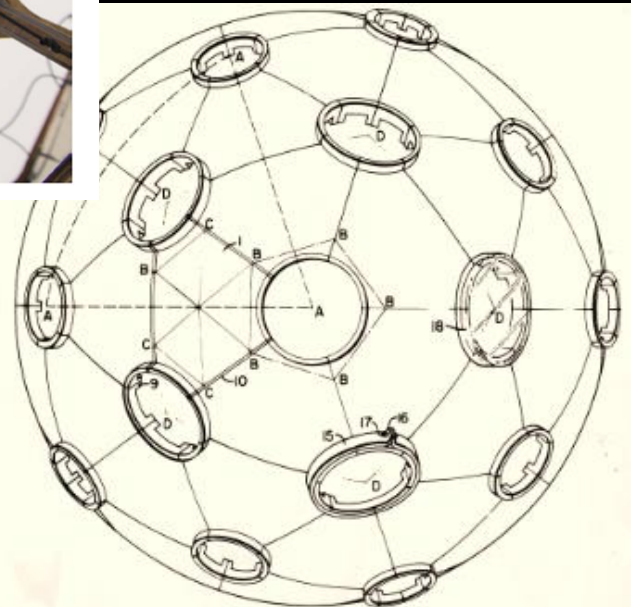
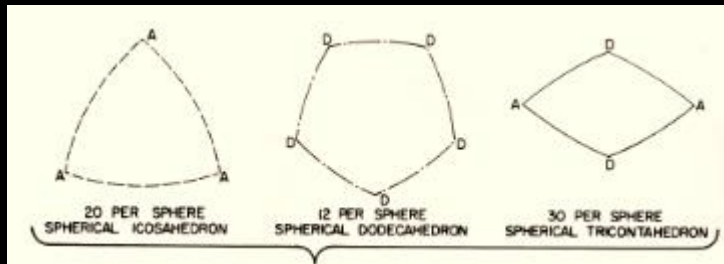
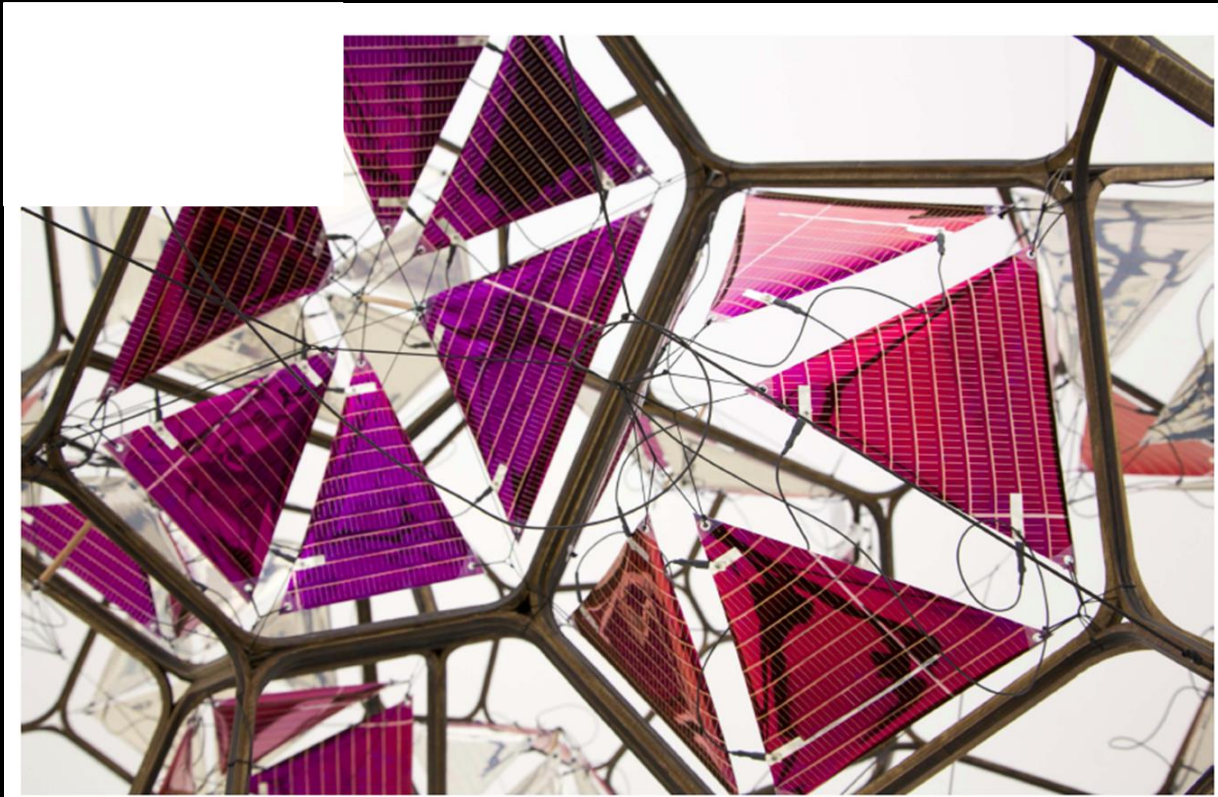
*Upper: is a distributed design type*



*Lower: is initial geometrical prototype.*

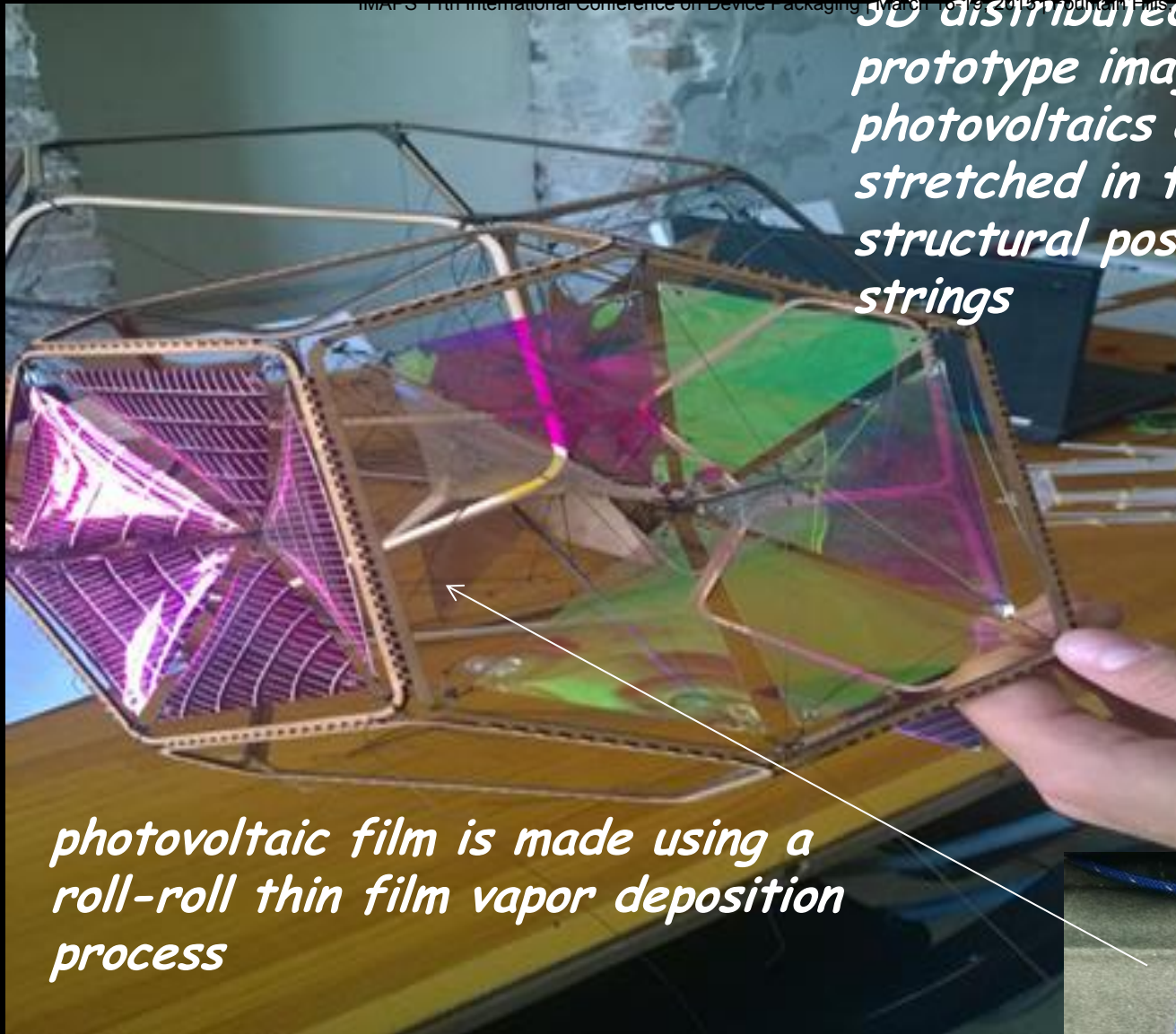
*These objects are an example of materials, structures and architectures for 3D imagers.*

# Architectures: 3D Networks and Space Frames





*3D distributed array element prototype image. Flexible film of photovoltaics elements are stretched in tension between structural posts using tension strings*



*photovoltaic film is made using a roll-roll thin film vapor deposition process*

*tension members can be either solid fabric fibers or can be flexible fabric signal/power cables*





Thanks!

Tomas Saraceno  
Ken Church  
Ross Willoughby