



Investigation of Carbon Fiber TIM Gap Pad for Enabling Next Generation Automotive High-Power Systems

Dexerials America Corporation

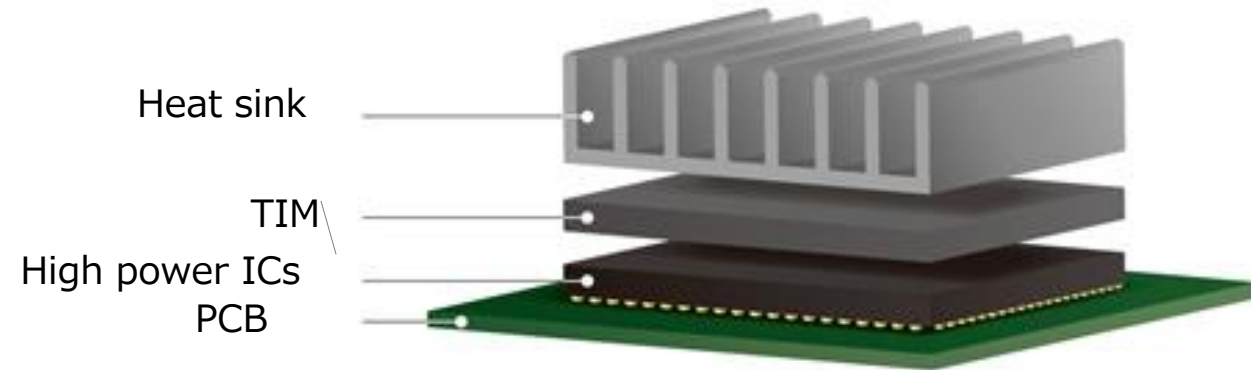
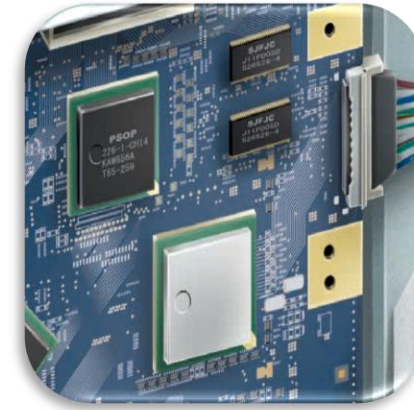
Agenda

- Introduction
 - TIM Applications
- Thermal Interface Material Design & Comparison
 - Conventional
 - Carbon Fiber
- Packaging Benefits
- Automotive Reliability Results
- Case Studies
- Conclusion

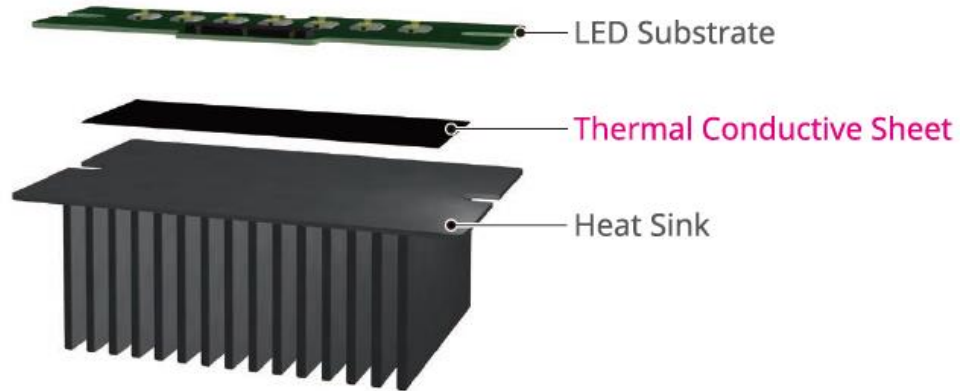
INTRODUCTION

Thermal Interface Material (TIM)

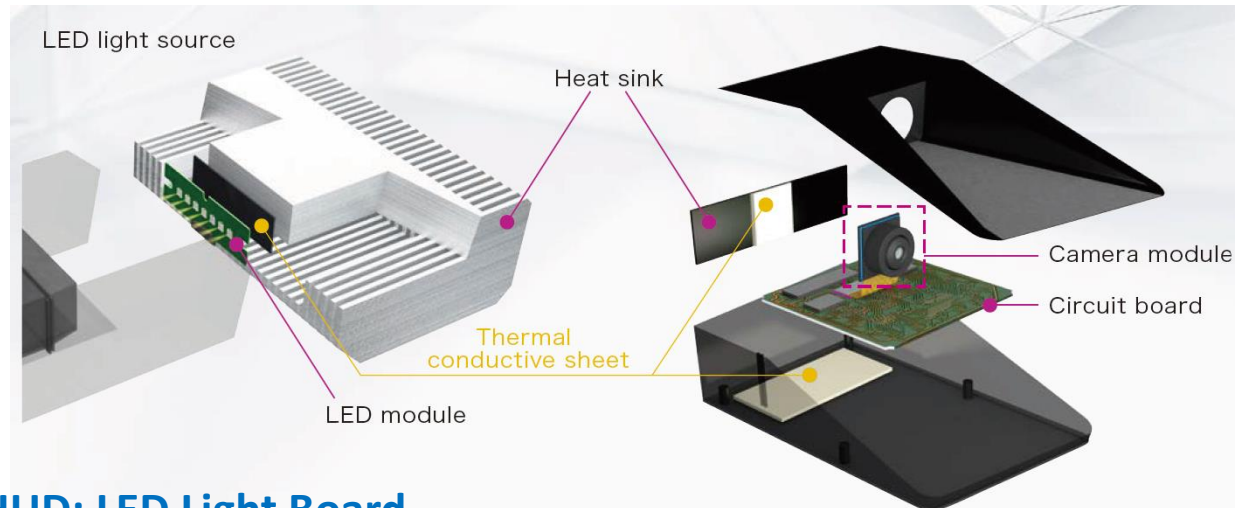
- TIM is placed between heat source and heat sink.
- 3 main functions:
 - Dissipate heat
 - Improve contact of substrates
 - Absorb mechanical tolerance
- TIM needs to balance softness and thermal conductivity.



TIM Applications

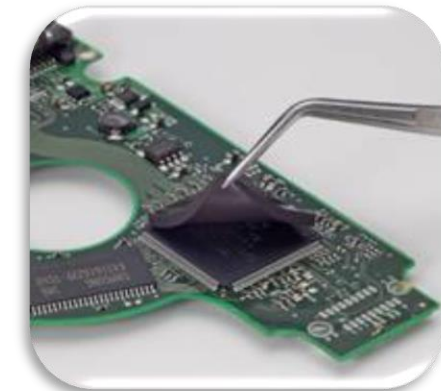


Lighting: LED Strip



HUD: LED Light Board

ADAS: Camera, Image Sensor

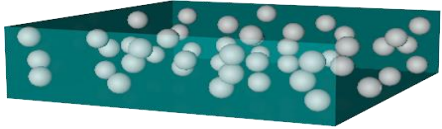


Integrated Circuits: ECU, PCU, GPU, CPU

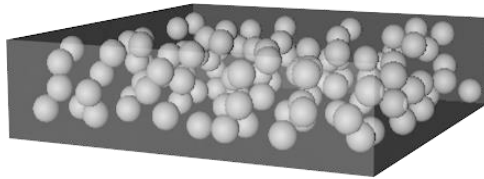
TIM DESIGN & COMPARISON

Dexerials Thermal Conductive Sheet – Gap Pad TIM

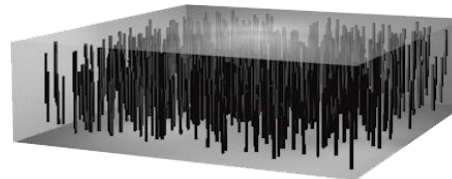
Thermal Conductive Tape



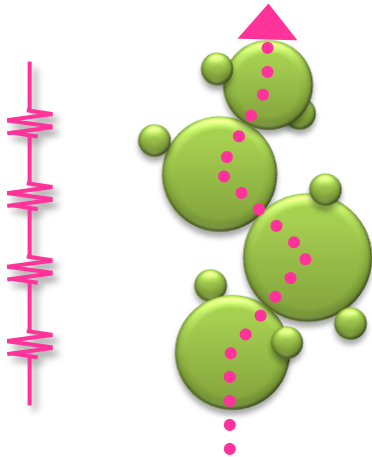
Thermal Interface Material



Carbon Fiber Sheet

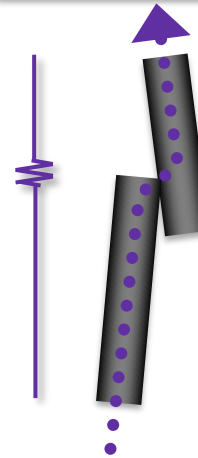


Thermal Conductive Filler

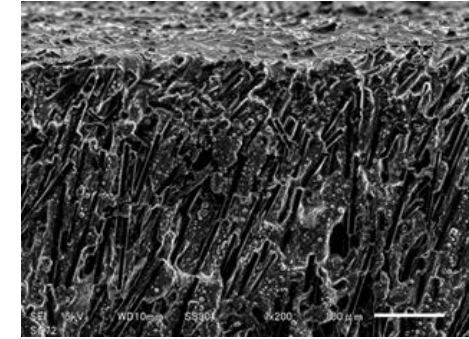


Thermal conductivity of metal particles
AlN
150 W/m·K
 and **Al2O3**
32 W/m·K

Carbon Fiber Filler



Thermal conductivity of Carbon Fiber
900 W/m·K



SEM Image of CFS

Conventional TIM:

- Contains spherical metal fillers.
- Higher metal particle loading equates to higher hardness and thermal conductivity.

Carbon Fiber Sheet (CFS):

- Unique carbon fiber fillers.
- Less contact points between fillers.
- Higher innate thermal conductivity.

Carbon Fiber Sheet TIM

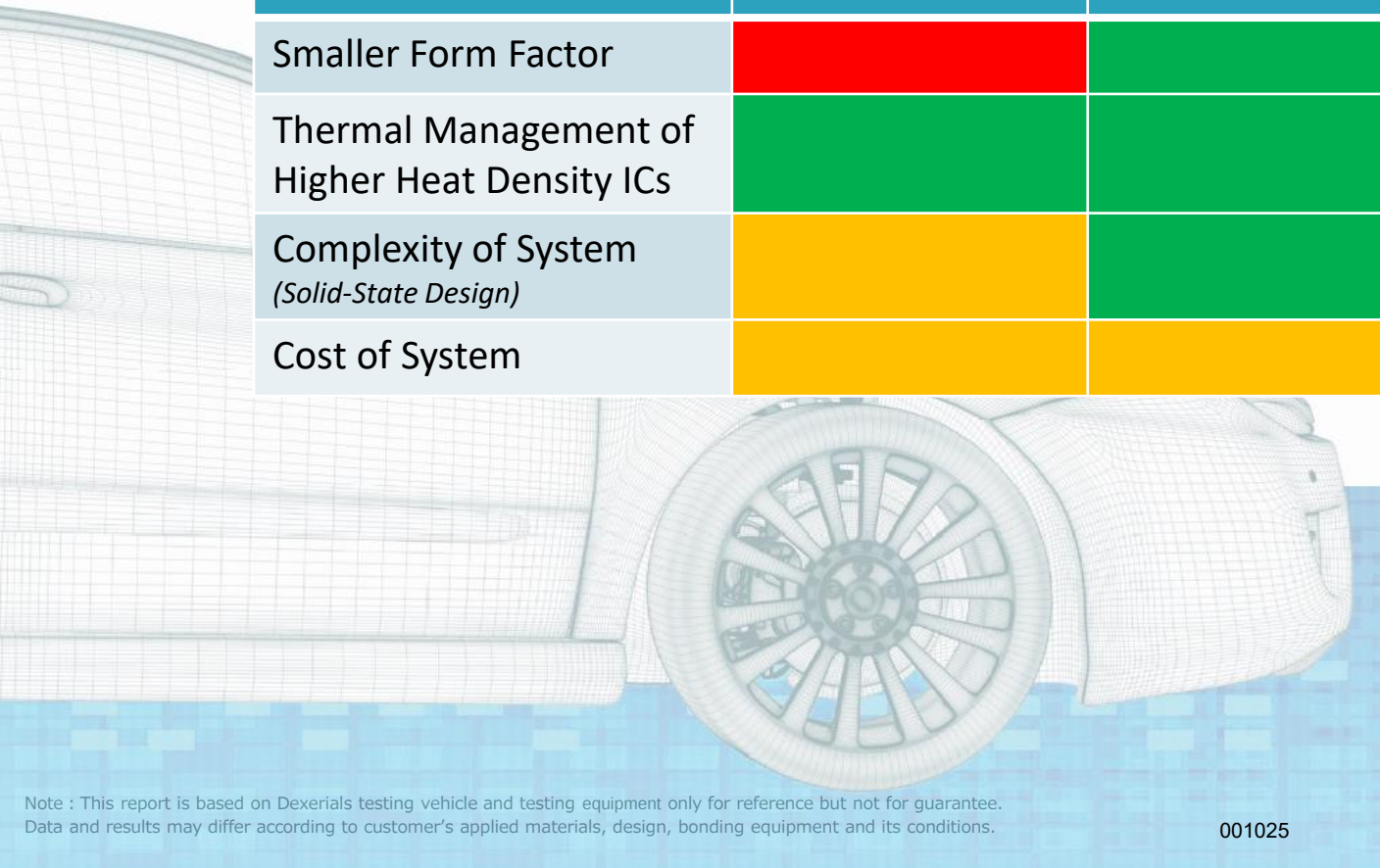
Part No.	EX10000F7	EX20000C7	EX20000C4S	EX20000C9	Remark
Feature	High Thermal Conductivity	High Thermal Conductivity	High Thermal Conductivity	High Thermal Conductivity	—
Thermal Conductivity	30	35	40	40	Unit: W/m·K Estimated Bulk Thermal Conductivity
Color	Gray	Black	Gray	Gray	—
Hardness	50~60	55~65	70~80	50~60	ASTM D2240 Shore OO
Thickness	0.4~3.0	0.5~3.0	0.3~0.5	0.5~3.0	Unit: mm
Compressibility	25	15	2 *@0.3mmT	35	Unit: %/kg·cm ² @1kgf/cm ² 250sec 2mmT
Specific Gravity	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	—
Dielectric Breakdown Strength	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	AC (kV/mm) ASTM D149
Volume Resistance	1*10 ¹	1*10 ¹	1*10 ¹	1*10 ¹	Unit: Ω·cm <10 ⁶ JIS K7194 10 ⁶ ≤ MCC-A method
Dielectric Constant ε' / tanδ@700MHz	21	20	25	19	S parameter method (Coaxial Tube and Waveguide Type)
	0.47	0.3	0.3	0.25	Surface direction value
Flame Rating	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	UL94
Preferred Operated Temperature	-40~150	-40~150	-40~150	-40~150	Unit: °C

Note : This report is based on Dexerials testing vehicle and testing equipment only for reference but not for guarantee.
Data and results may differ according to customer's applied materials, design, bonding equipment and its conditions.

PACKAGING BENEFITS

Thermal Dissipation Strategies Comparison

	Increase Heat Sink Size	Higher Conductivity Heat Sink	Higher Conductivity TIM (CFS TIM)	Increased Airflow Rate / Add Fan
Smaller Form Factor				
Thermal Management of Higher Heat Density ICs				
Complexity of System (Solid-State Design)				
Cost of System				

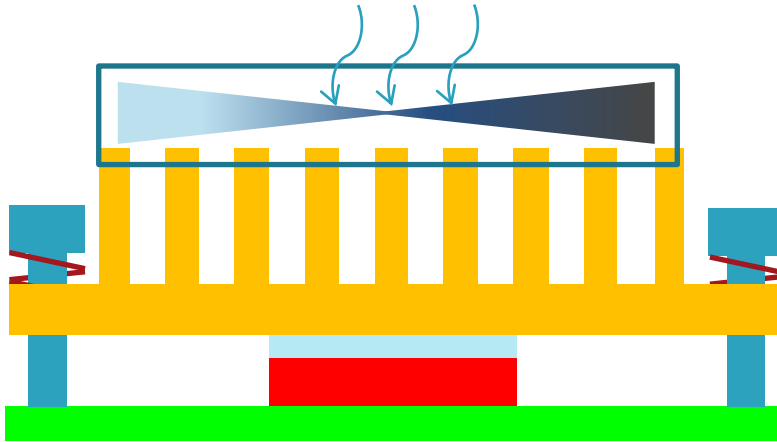


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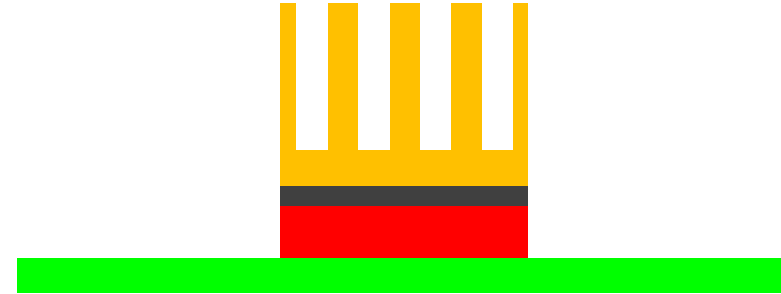
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Lower Thermal Resistance (Low R_{th})

$$R_{total} = R_{HS} + R_{TIM}$$



Low R_{HS} + High R_{TIM}
Large heat sink + conventional TIM



High R_{HS} + Low R_{TIM}
Small heat sink + CFS TIM

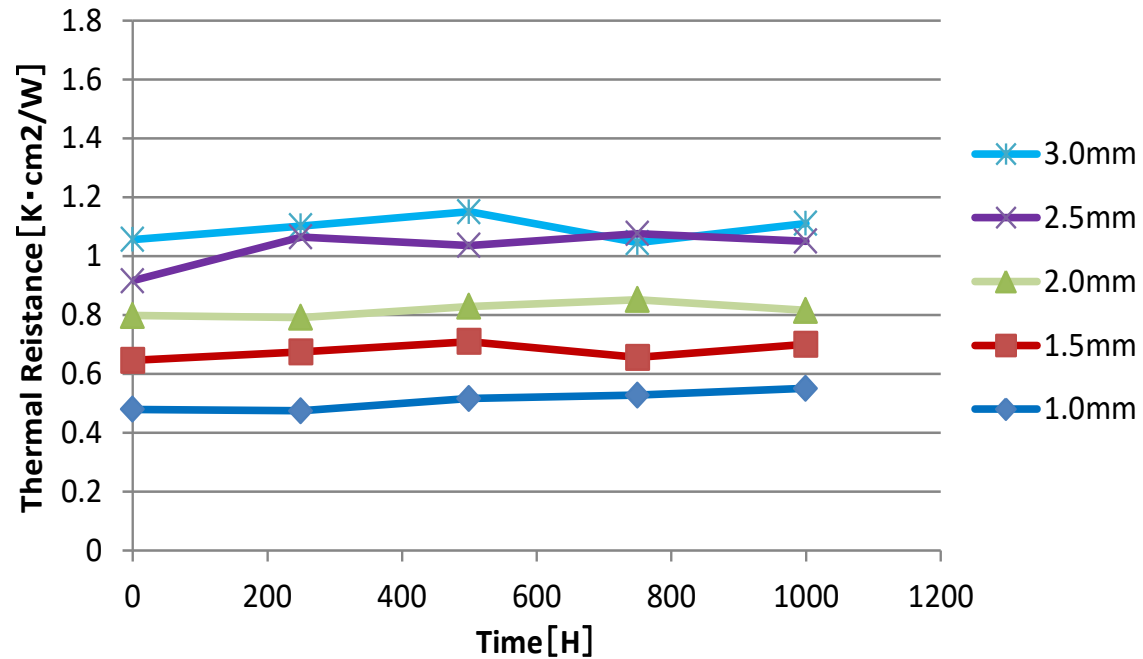
Benefits of Low R_{th} TIM:

- Allows for higher thermal budget of heat sink (smaller heat sink).
- Smaller components help with downsizing system.

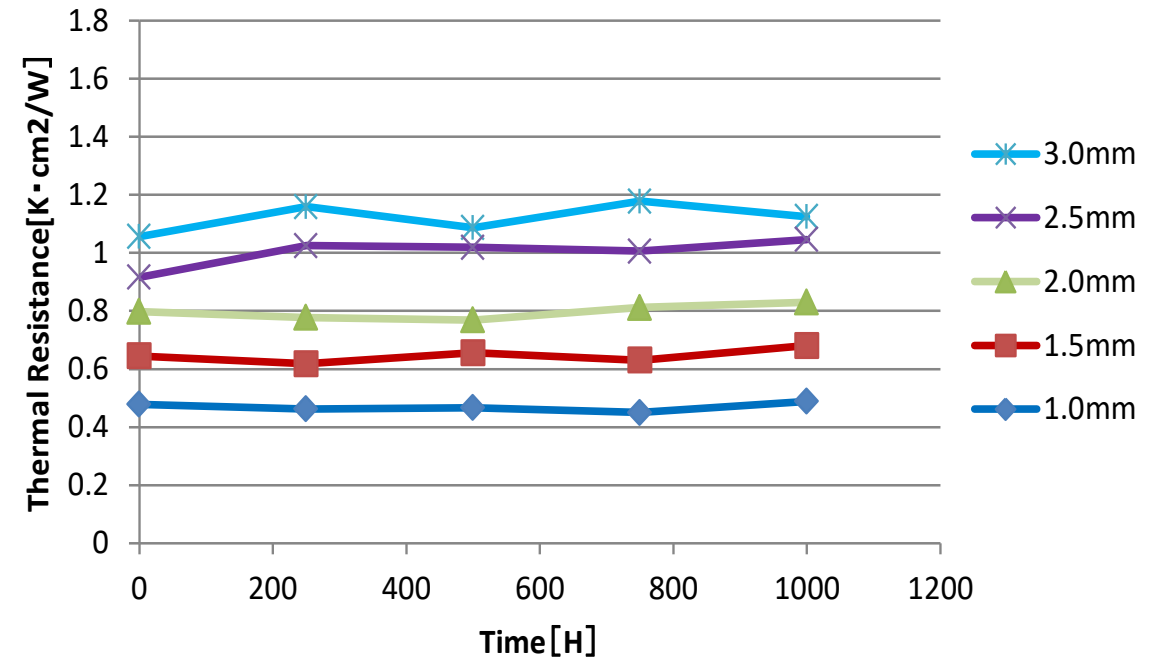
AUTOMOTIVE RELIABILITY RESULTS

Automotive Reliability Test Result

150°C x 1000hr



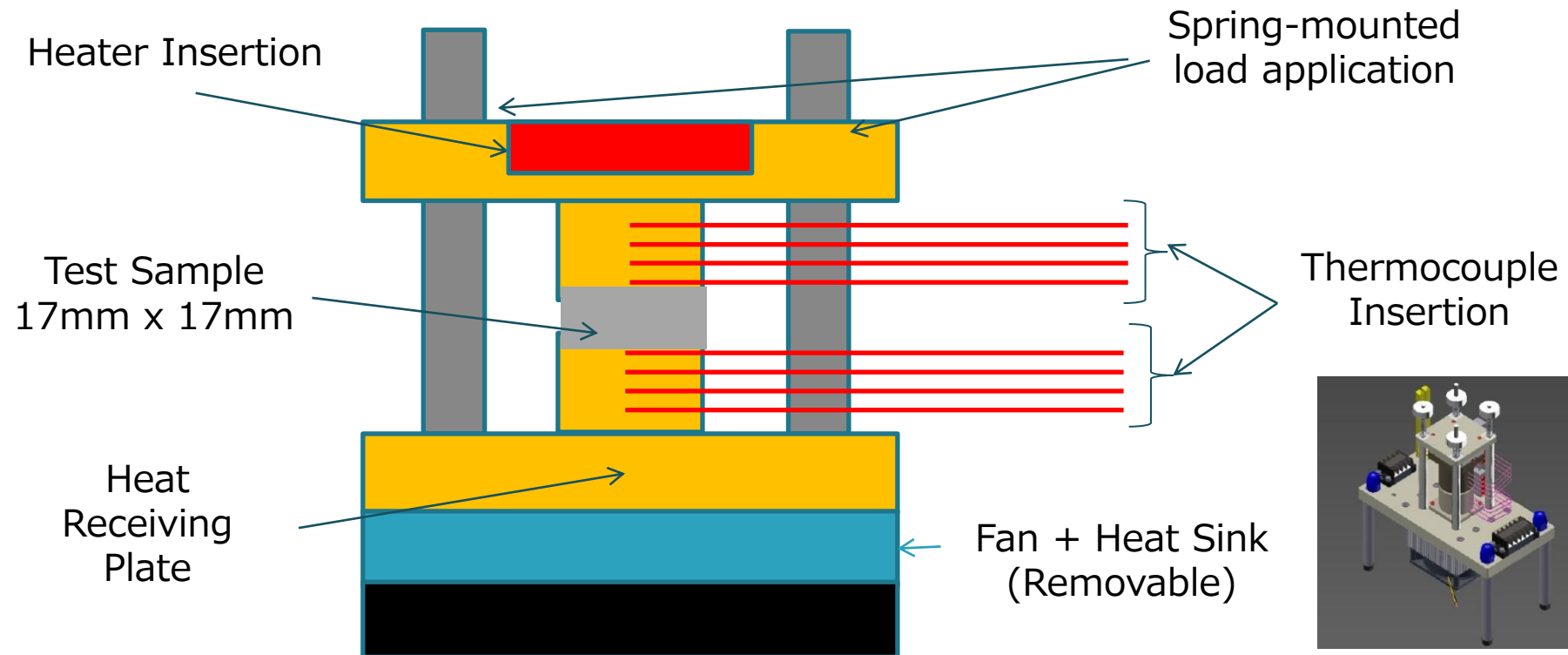
85°C / 85% R.H. x 1000hr



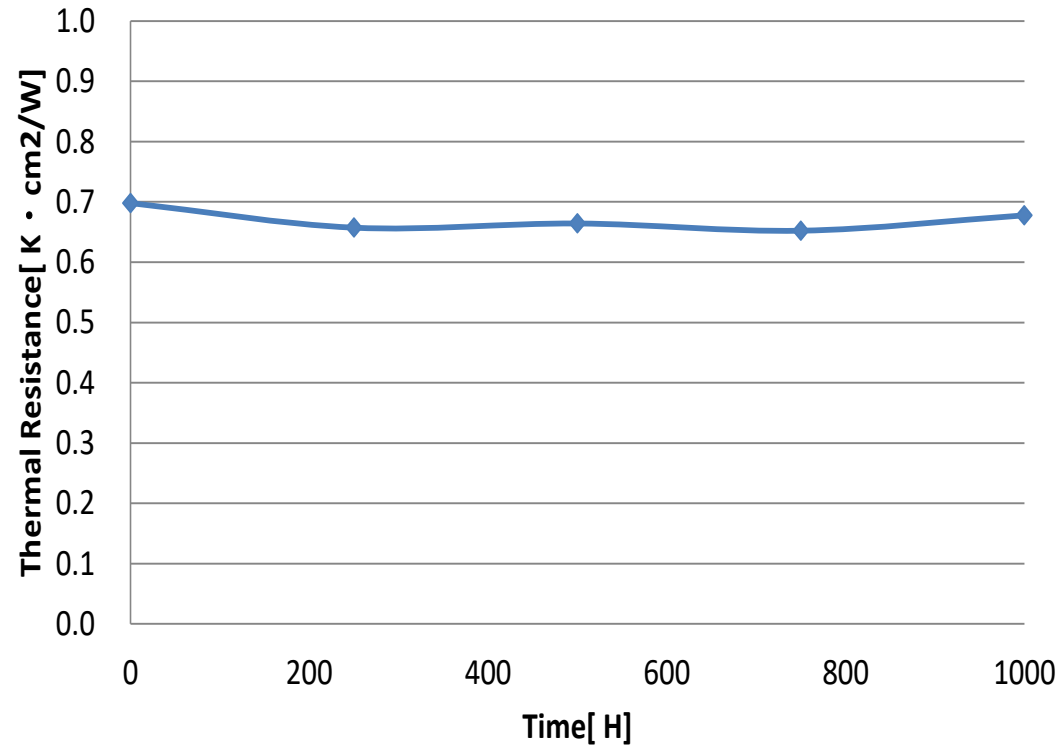
Reliability Results:

- CFS TIM in various thicknesses showed little to no change in thermal resistance.

Loaded Reliability Test Equipment



Loaded Reliability Test Result – 150°C



Model : EX20150C7
Thickness : 1.5mm
Load : 7psi
Test temperature : 150°C

Constant Pressure Reliability Results:

- CFS TIM showed very stable thermal resistance after 1000hrs.

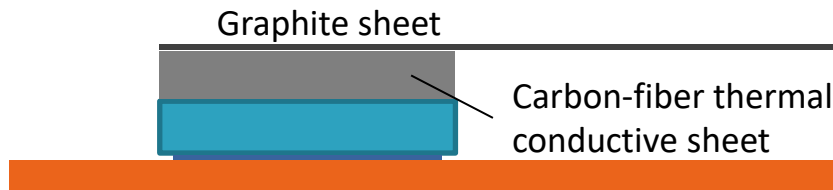
CASE STUDIES

Case Study #1: Power Module Test Setup

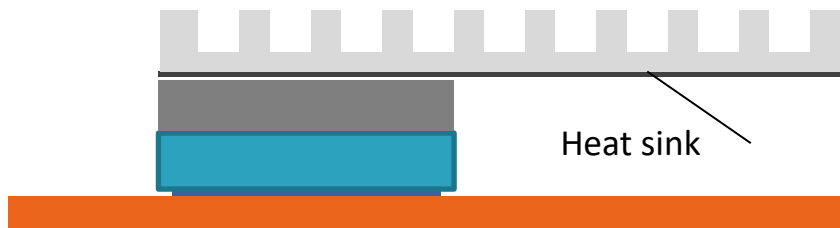
1. Reference



2. CFS + graphite sheet



3. CFS + graphite sheet + heat sink



List of an experiment conditions.

Input power	0.84 W
Ambient temp.	25 °C
Air flow	0 m/s

List of parts used for power module board experiment.

Part name	Thermal Resistance (R_{th}) [K/W]	Size	Remarks
Heat sink UB4060-15B	7	40mm X 60mm X 1mm	R_{th} was measured without fans.
CFS 30W/mK thermal conductivity	0.42	10mm X 10mm X 1mm	R_{th} was measured in vertical direction to the sheet
Graphite sheet	35	56mm X 56mm X 0.02mm	R_{th} was measured when using the sheet as a heat sink, without fans.

Case Study #1: Power Module Results

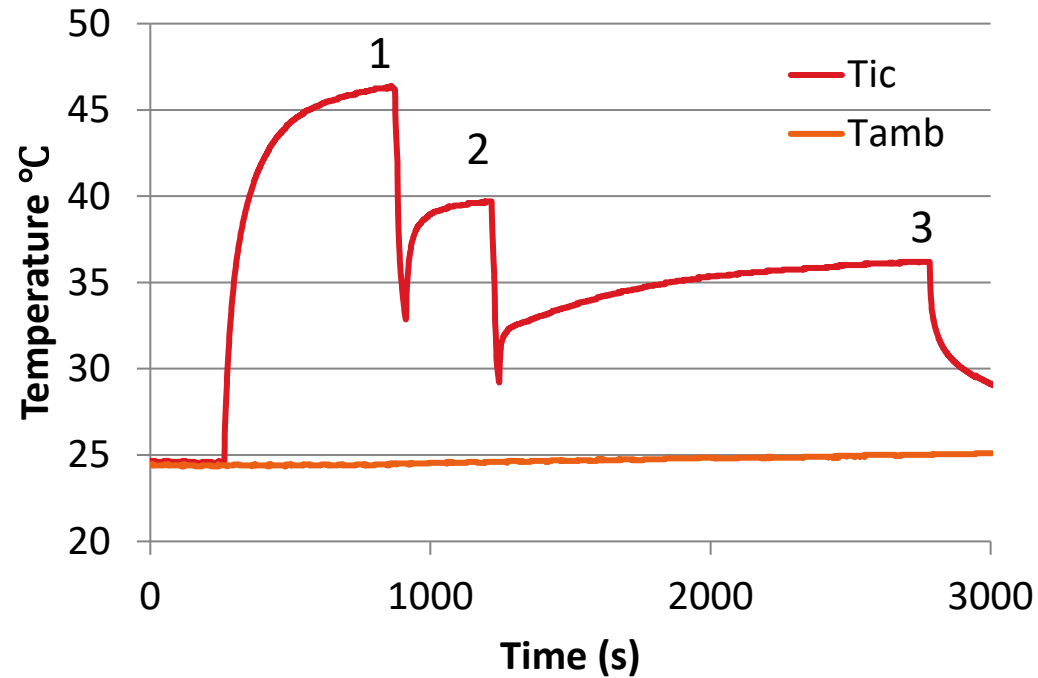


Figure: The IC and ambient temperature during the test.

Table : R_{total} calculations from results of study

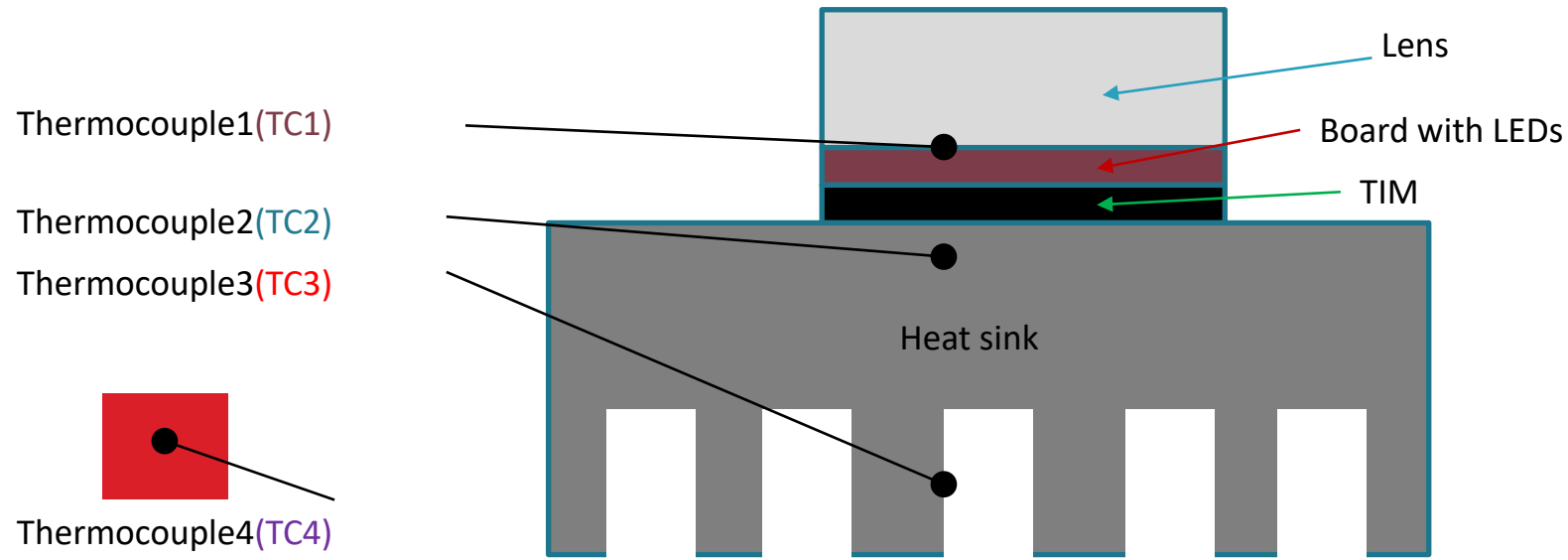
Using $P = 0.84W$	T_{ic} (°C);Temp of IC	$R_{total}(K/W)$; Thermal resistance of system
1. Reference	46.3	26.0
2. CFS + graphite sheet	39.6	17.9
3. CFS + graphite sheet + heat sink	36.2	13.3

Thermal resistance was lowest in setup #3 CFS + graphite sheet + heat sink.

Case Study #2: LED Board Test Setup

Thermocouples are set on surface.

Applied Voltage 19V / Amps 0.3A.



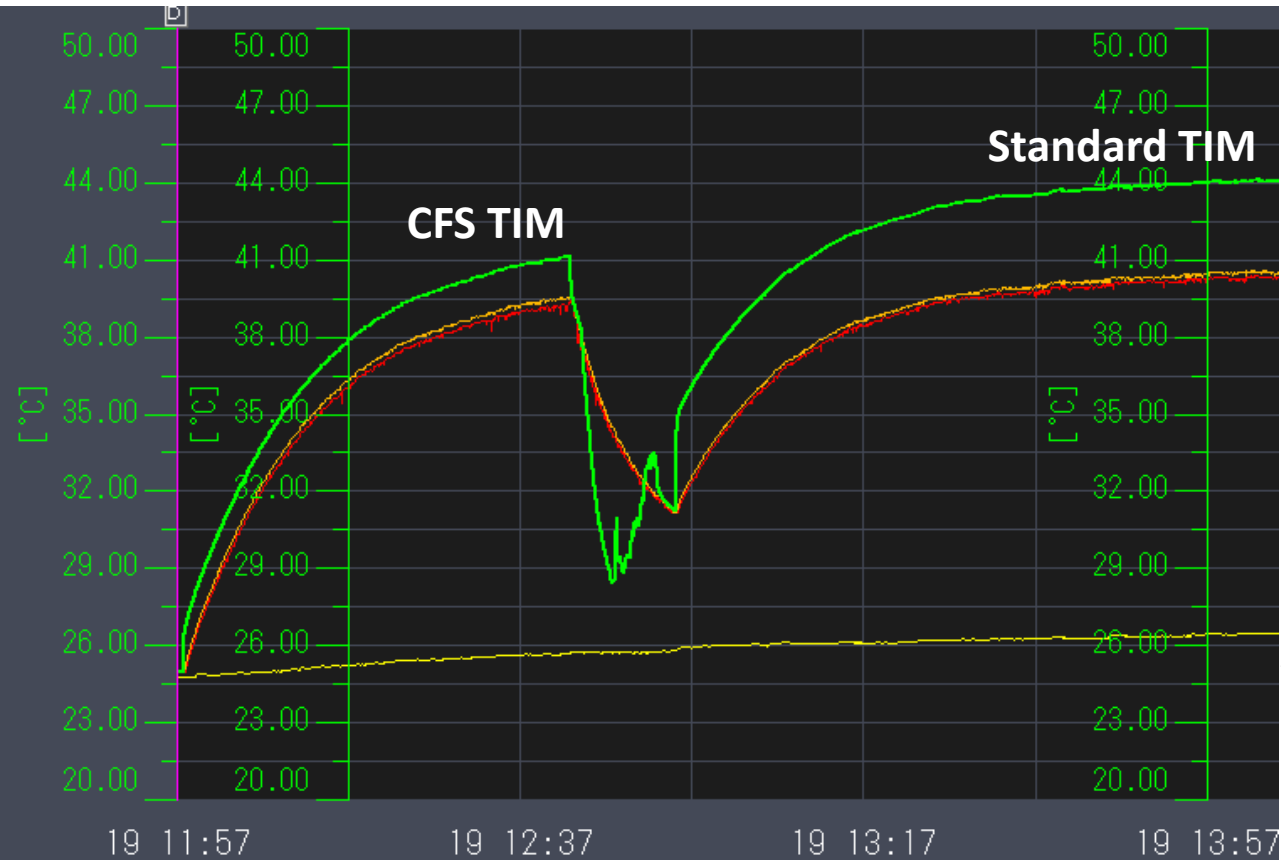
TIM	Thickness mm
Dexerials 3W/mK	0.5
Dexerials CFS 15W/mK	0.4

Results:

TIM	TC1 °C	TC2 °C	TC3 °C	TC4 °C	Power W	R _{IC-HS} K/W
Dexerials 3W/mK	36.11	32.7	32.4	25.95	5.61	0.608
Dexerials CFS 15W/mK	29.15	29.3	29.1	25.4	5.64	0.274

Data measured 2 minutes after LED are powered on.

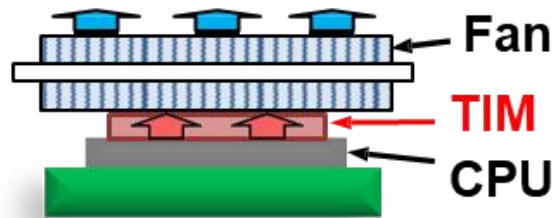
Case Study #2: LED Board Results



Measured Data		3W/mK Conventional	15W/mK CFS
Thermal conductivity	W/mK	1.6	15
Width	mm	20	20
Length	mm	50	50
Thickness	mm	0.5	0.4
Thermal Resistance	K/W	0.61	0.27
Thermal contact resistance		0.30	0.24

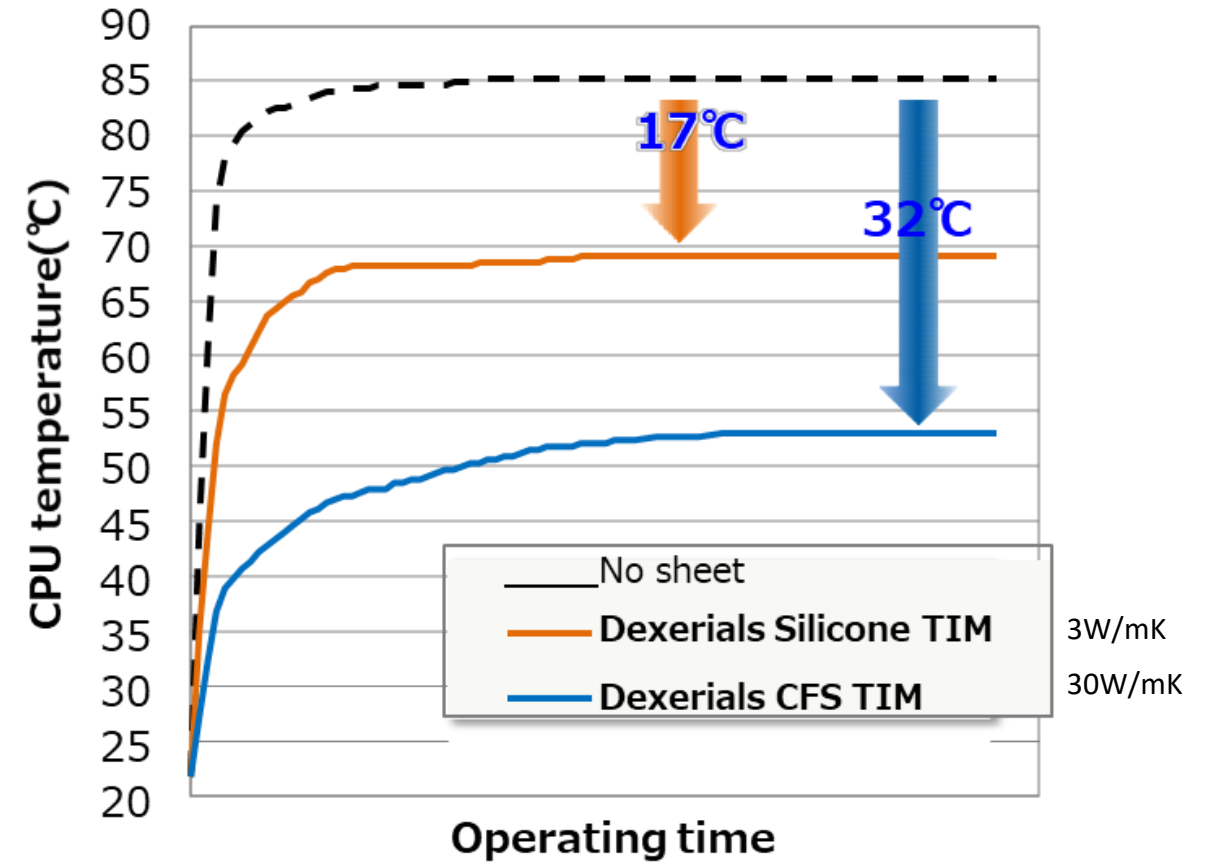
Case #3: 8-Core Processor

Temperature of CPU with TIM sheet



List of an experiment conditions.

Input power	5 W
Ambient temp.	25 °C



Conclusion

- **Dexerials' automotive-ready Carbon Fiber Sheet TIM can meet the rising thermal cooling requirements in next generation automobiles.**
- **Employing CFS TIM has proven to reduce IC temperature and stabilize system performance.**
- **Higher conductivity TIM can enable downsizing of package size or lower air cooling requirements in high heat density ICs.**

Value Matters

Unprecedented innovation, unprecedented value.