



IMAPS- INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE AND EXHIBITION ON DEVICE PACKAGING 2024

Applications of White Light Interferometry in Advanced Packaging: Metrology and Quality Assurance

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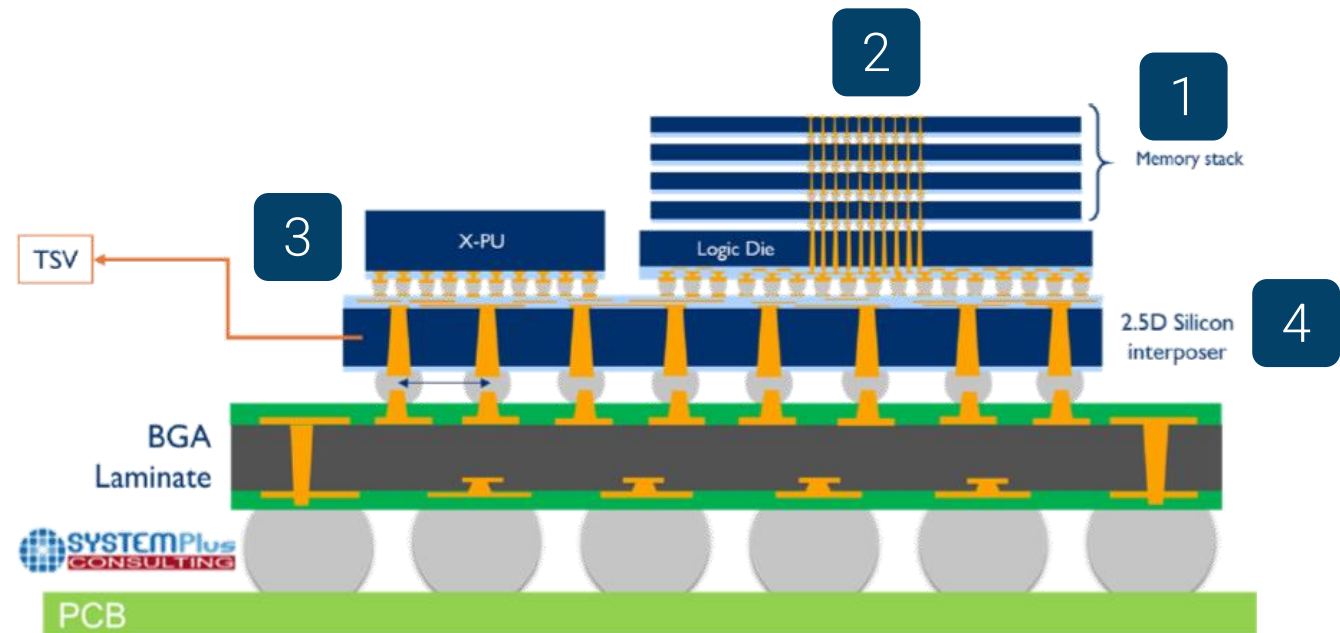


Outline

- How White Light Interferometer profiler helps:
 - Monitoring
 - Controlling
 - Optimizing

Advanced Packaging

- Outline:
 1. Die/Wafer stacking optimization
 2. Through Silicon Via control
 3. Bump control
 4. Redistribution Layer quality



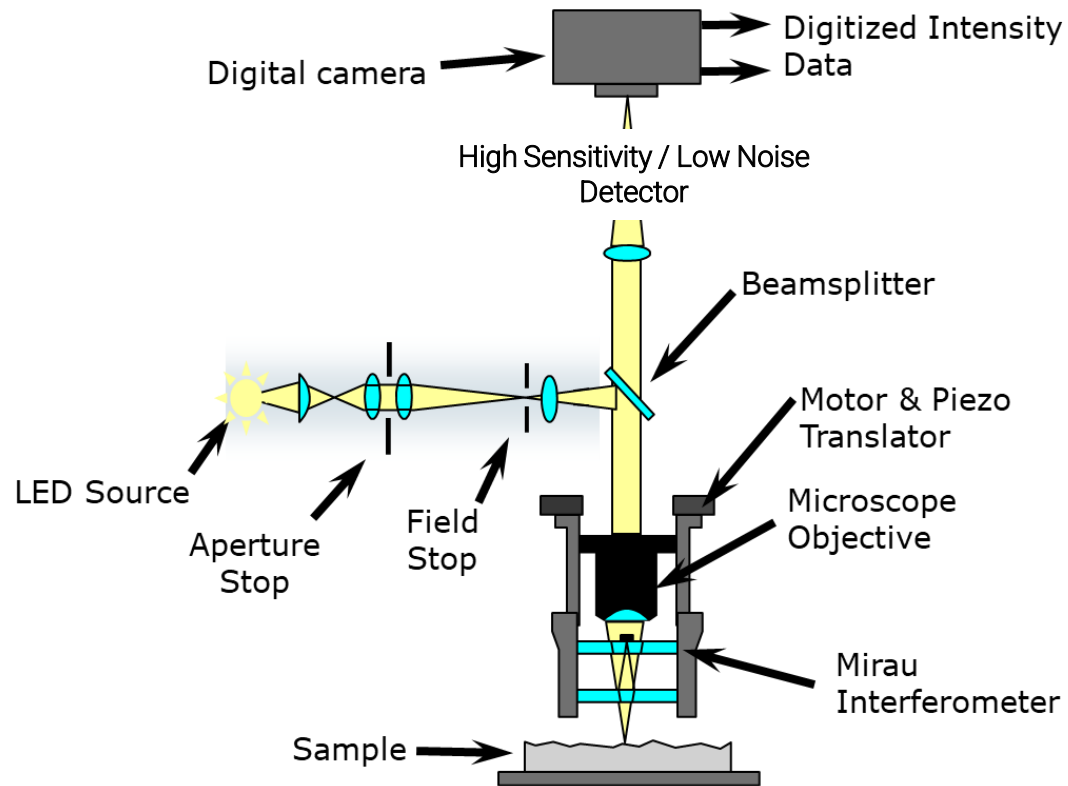


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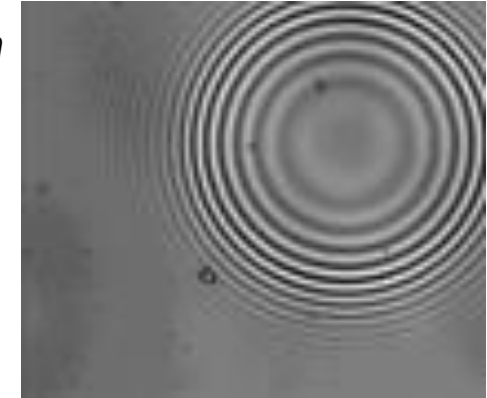
Introduction



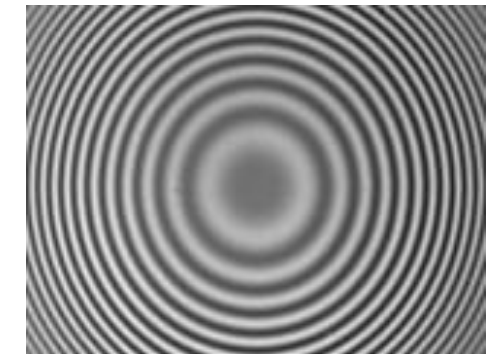
White-Light Interferometry – Key Components



*Broad Wavelength
White illumination*



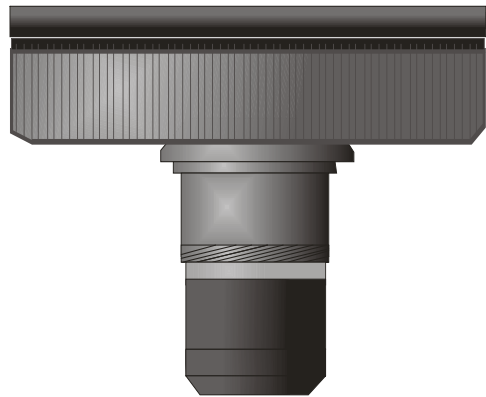
*Monochromatic
Illumination*





Vertical Scanning Interferometry (VSI)

Motor scanning

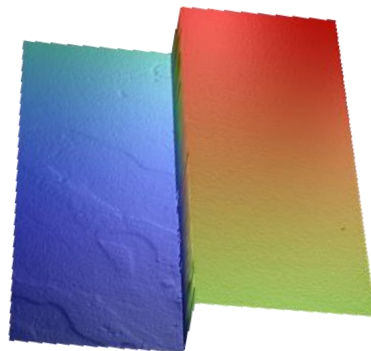


Broad Wavelength
White Illumination

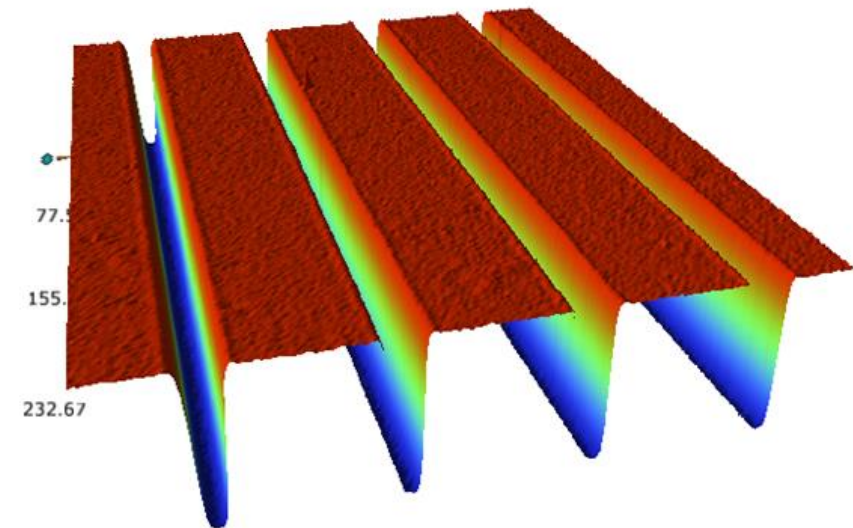


Vertical
Scanning
Interferometry
Up to 122 $\mu\text{m/s}$

- Vertical Scanning Interferometry (VSI) is most applicable for moderately rough to very rough surfaces
- Most versatile methodology
- Large (10mm) scanning range
- 1 Nanometer Height Resolution
- +/- <.75% Step Height Accuracy
- <.1% Step Height Repeatability
- Suitable for Steep Slopes



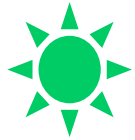
Moiré exactly tells
which datapoint
are in focus



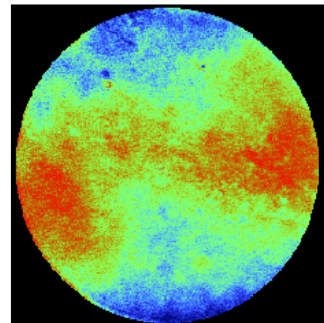
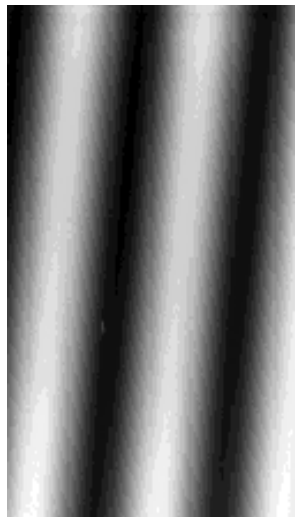
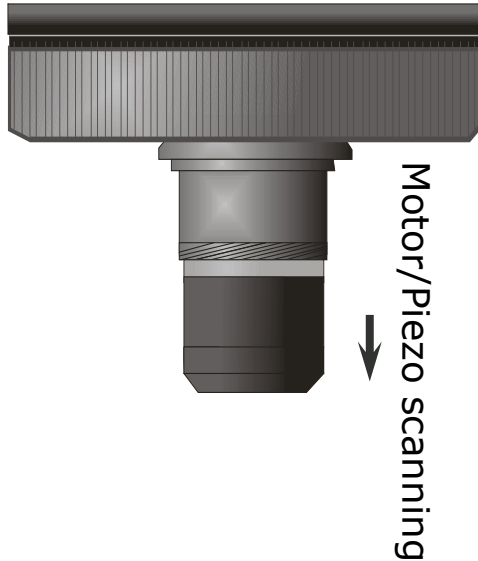


Phase Shift Interferometry (PSI)

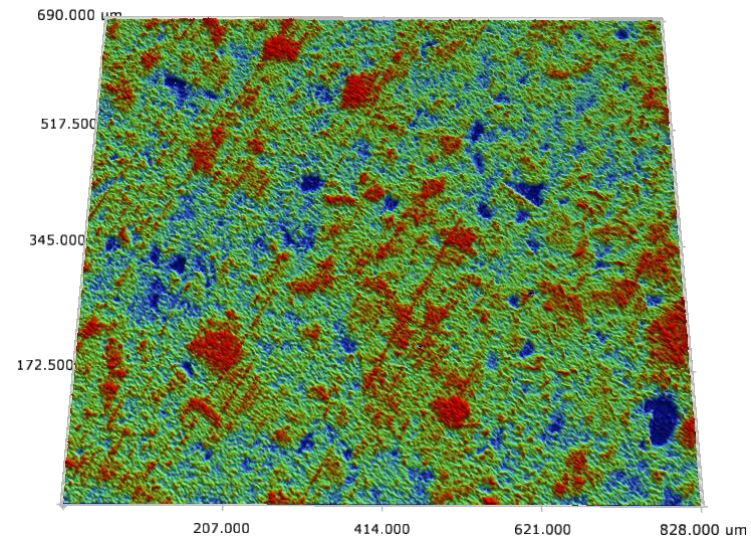
Monochromatic illumination



Phase Shifting Interferometry
< 1 second



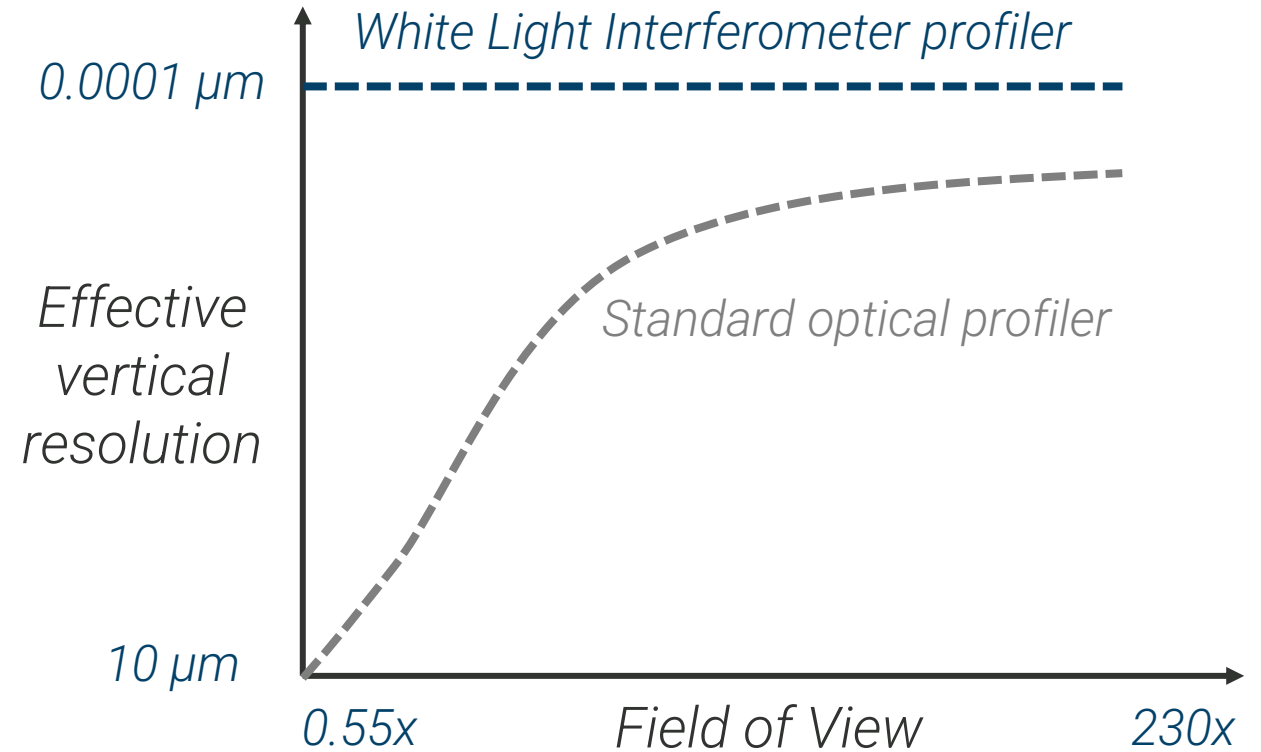
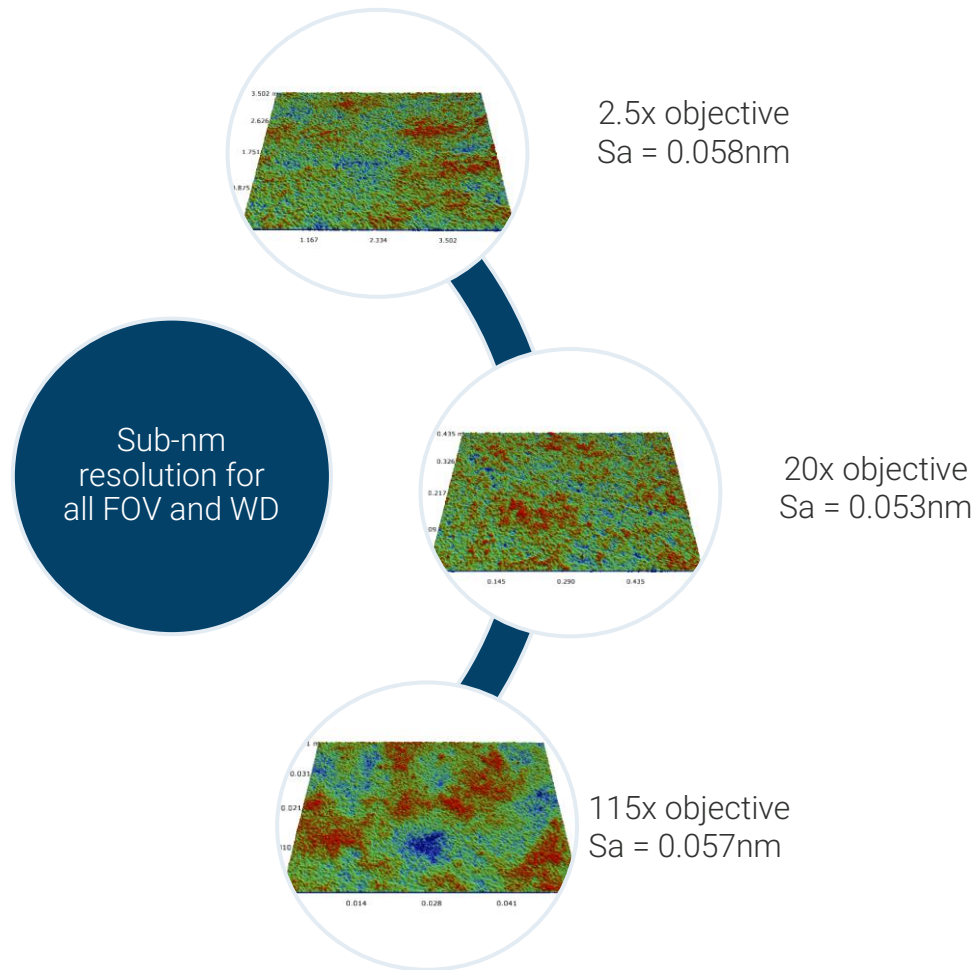
- Phase Shift Interferometry (PSI) is limited to smooth surfaces
- Ultra-High Resolution (.01nm)
- Limited Scanning Range (single micron-level)



Glass Mirror
 $Sa = 0.098nm$



Unmatched Vertical Resolution Without Compromise



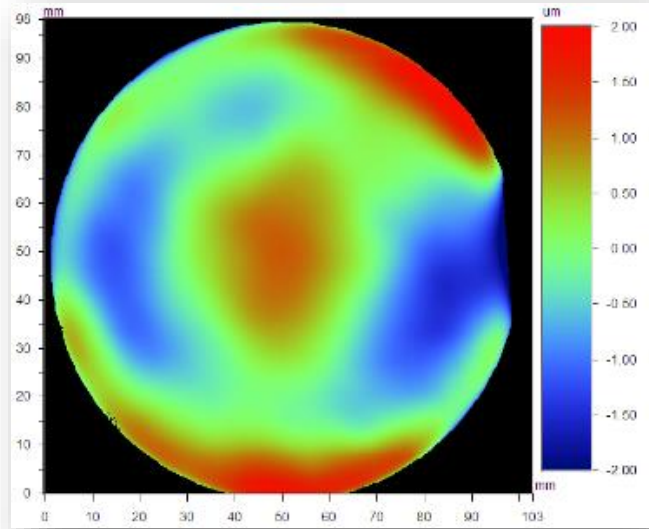
Best Vertical Metrology



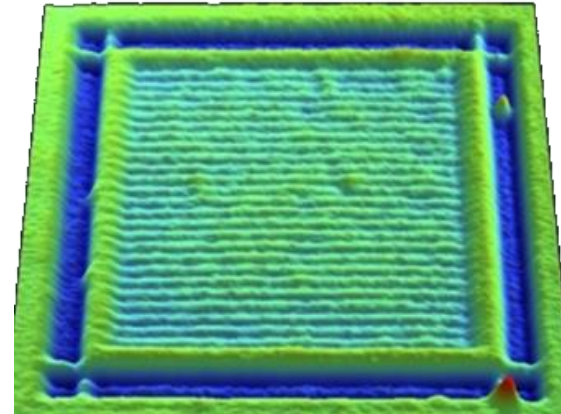
White Light Interferometric Profiler Single head – multi mode concept

- Multi-scale: lateral

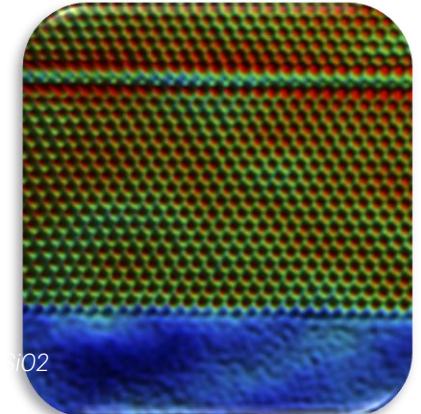
4" sapphire wafer
Full Stitching



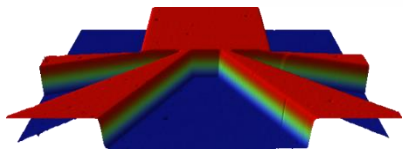
- Ultimate lateral resolution



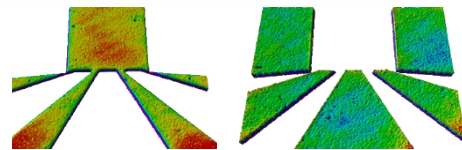
200nm spaced lines
Chromium on glass



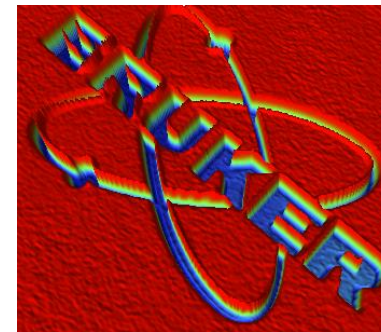
190nm diameter
spaced by 900nm



μm step



Sub-nm
roughness



- Multi-scale: vertical

- Simultaneous Optical Inspection



3D Optical Microscopy Hardware

- Benchtop
- Stand alone
- Semiconductor Fabrication

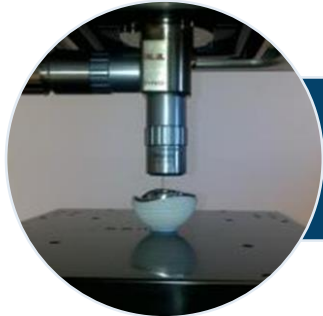




Universal Metrology for All Surfaces



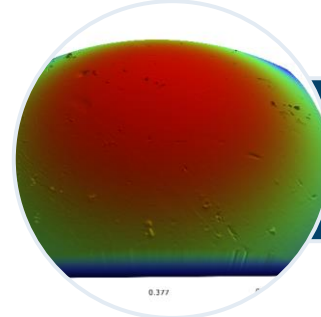
Safe operation @
high magnifications



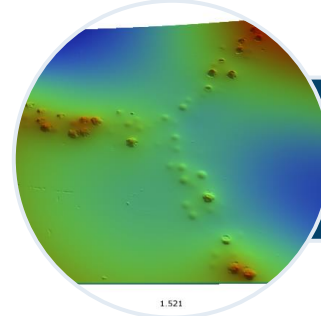
Improve access
with LWD objectives



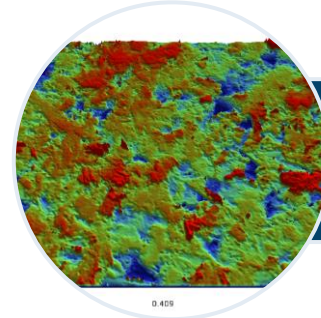
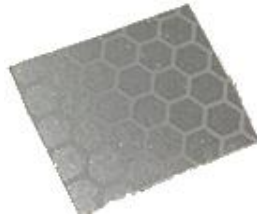
Access vertical walls



Shiny & Curved



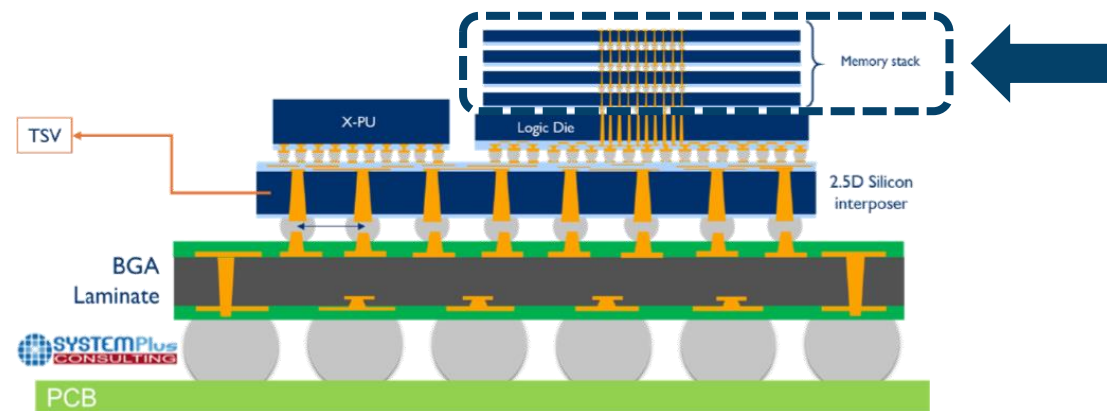
Transparent



Black color




Die / Wafer stacking optimization



Die Flatness Complex CMP process

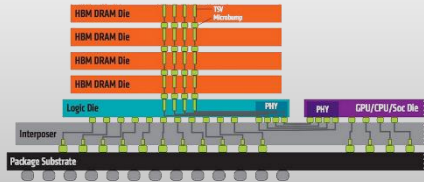


Hybrid & Wafer Bonding



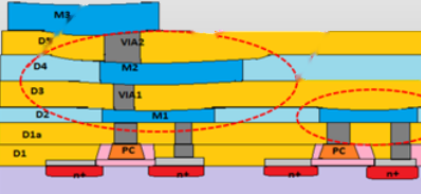
Spontaneous Bond

3D & Advanced Packaging

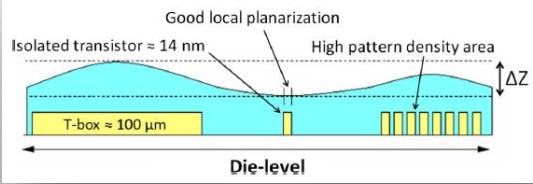


Full Die topography

Layer stacking



CMP optimization



Good local planarization

Isolated transistor ≈ 14 nm

High pattern density area

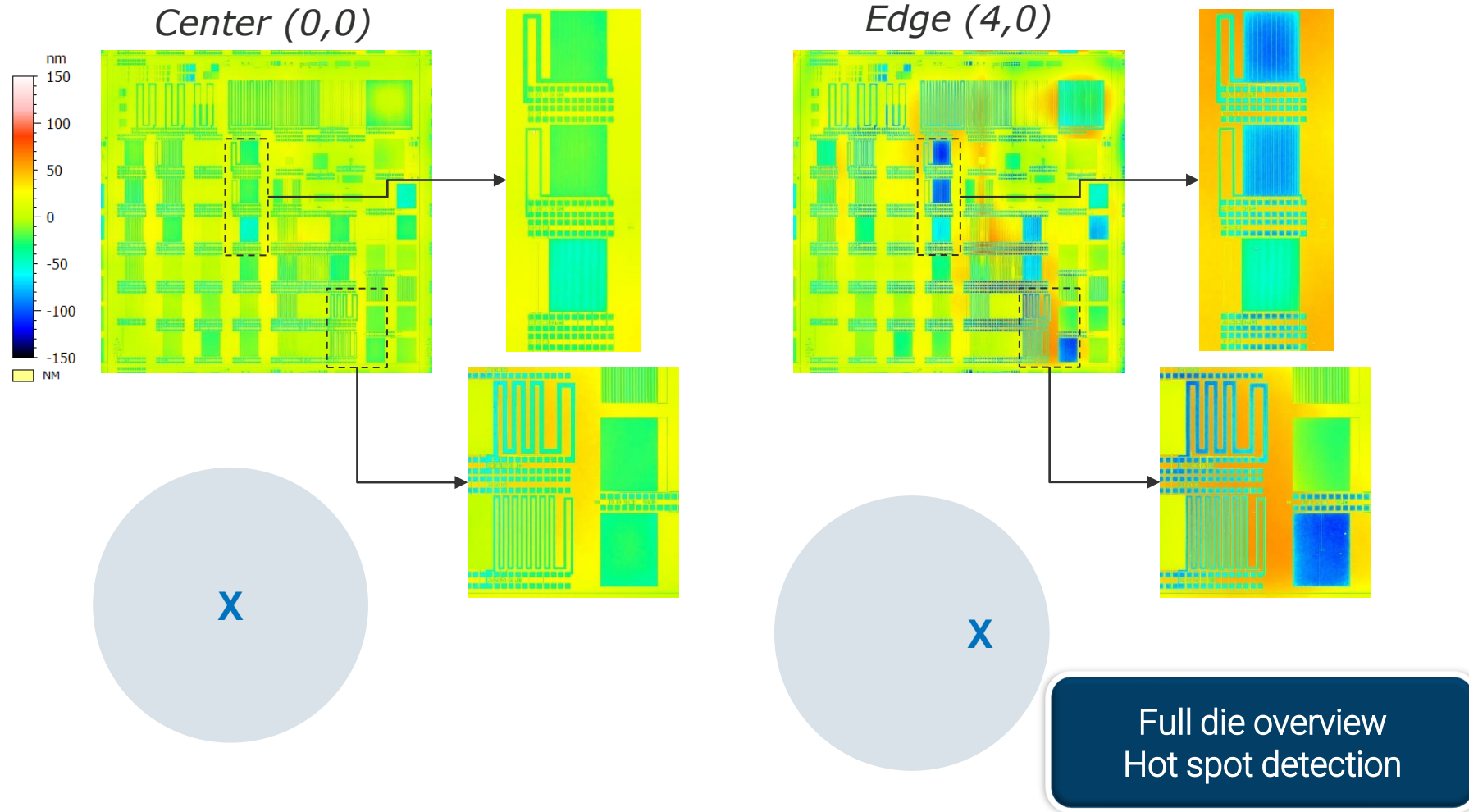
T-box ≈ 100 μ m

Die-level

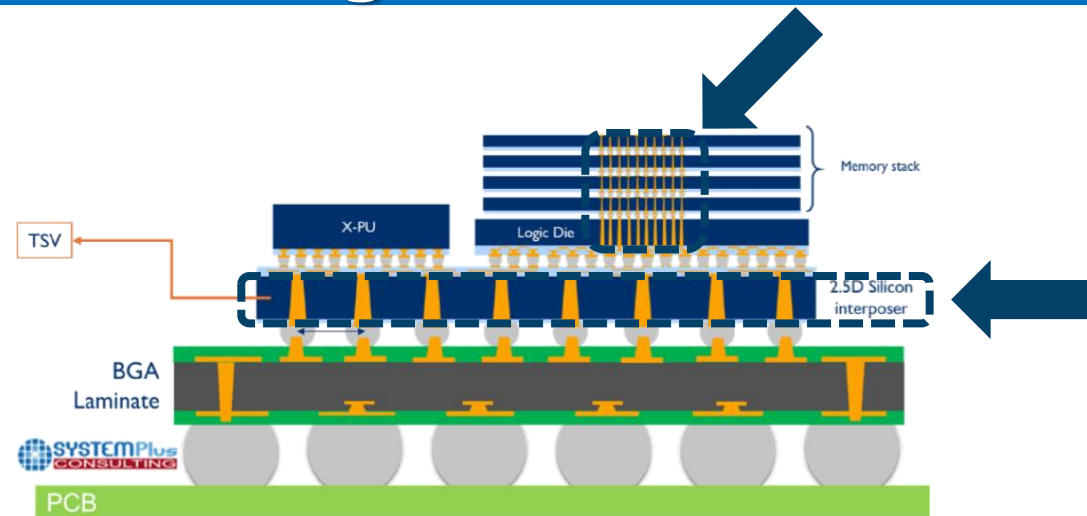
ΔZ



Full Die Stitching with WLI Profiler Pattern & die position effects



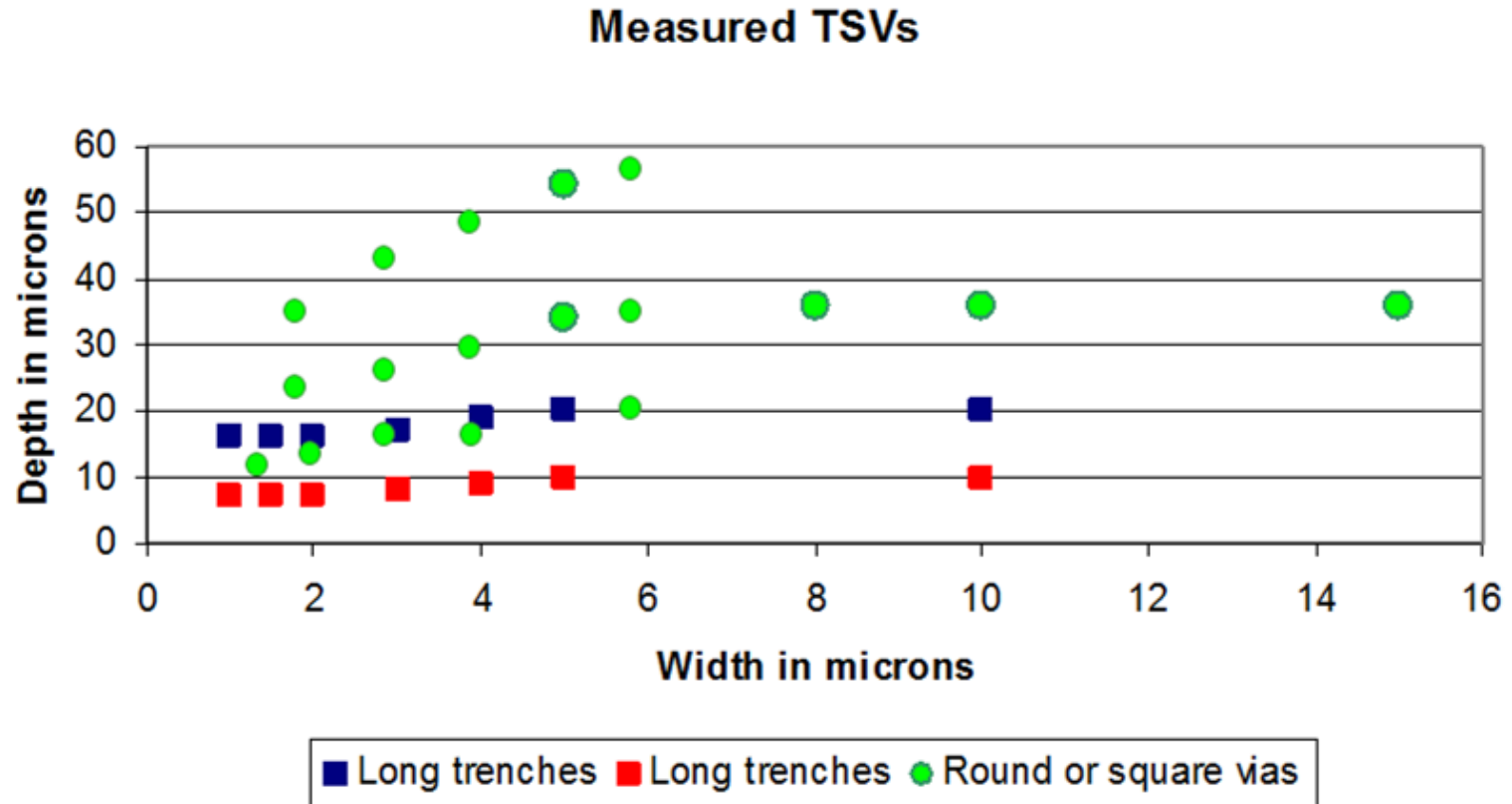
Through Silicon Via





Through Silicon Via (TSV)

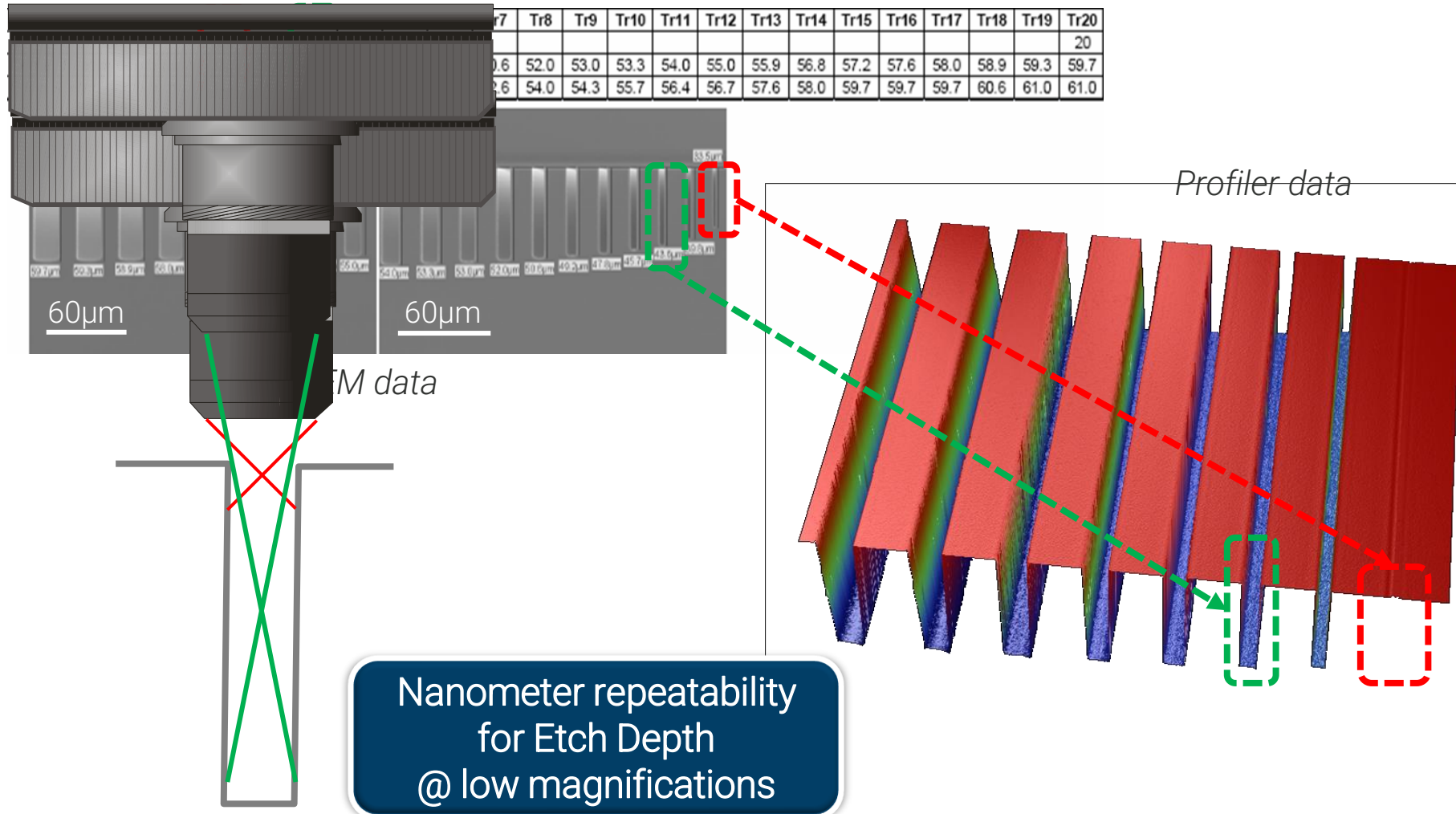
Measurement space



Proven wide capabilities up to 1:20



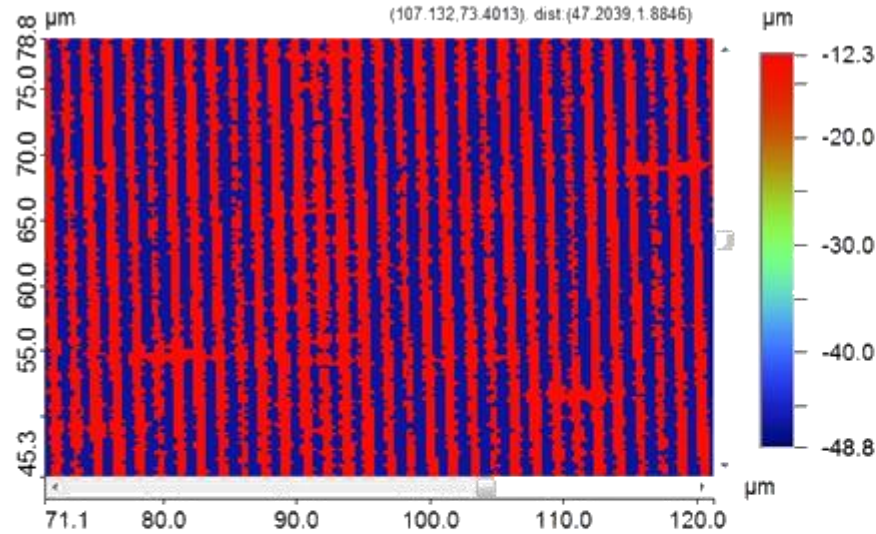
High Aspect Ratio Trench Correlation with SEM cross-section



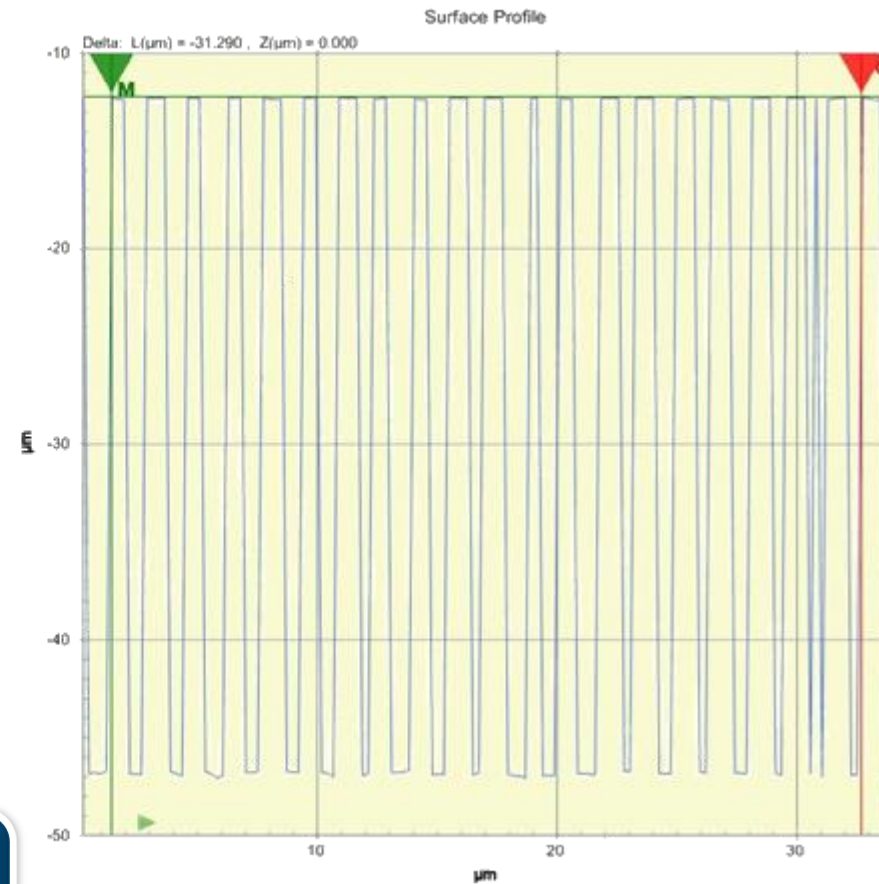


High Aspect Ratio Trench

Extreme case

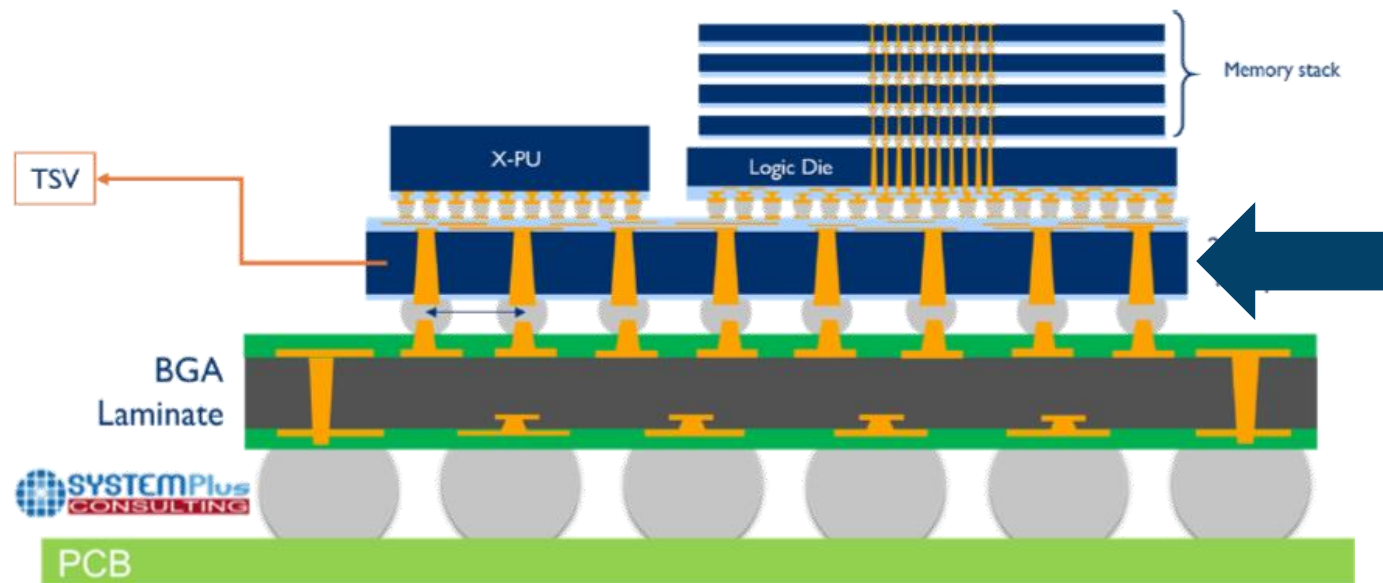


Pitch: 1.5 μm
 Width: 1.5 μm
 Depth: 34 μm
 Aspect Ratio: 1:20



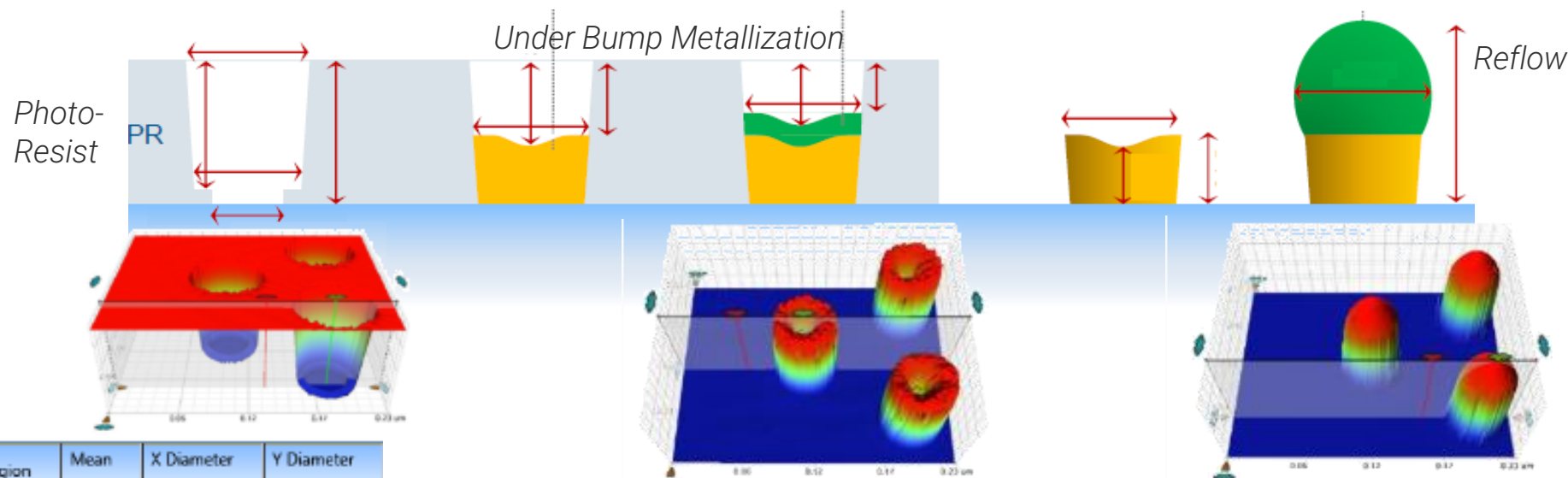
Nanometer vertical
repeatability

Bumps

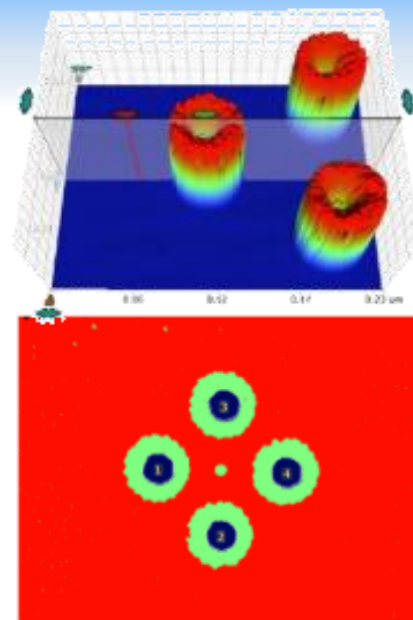




Copper Pillar / Solder Bumps Height Width and Photo Resist Thickness



No	Region	Mean μm	X Diameter μm	Y Diameter μm
1		-60.841	401.050	414.784
2		-59.439	403.797	406.544
3		-61.694	406.544	406.544
4		-58.657	74.167	68.673
5		-60.558	406.544	403.797



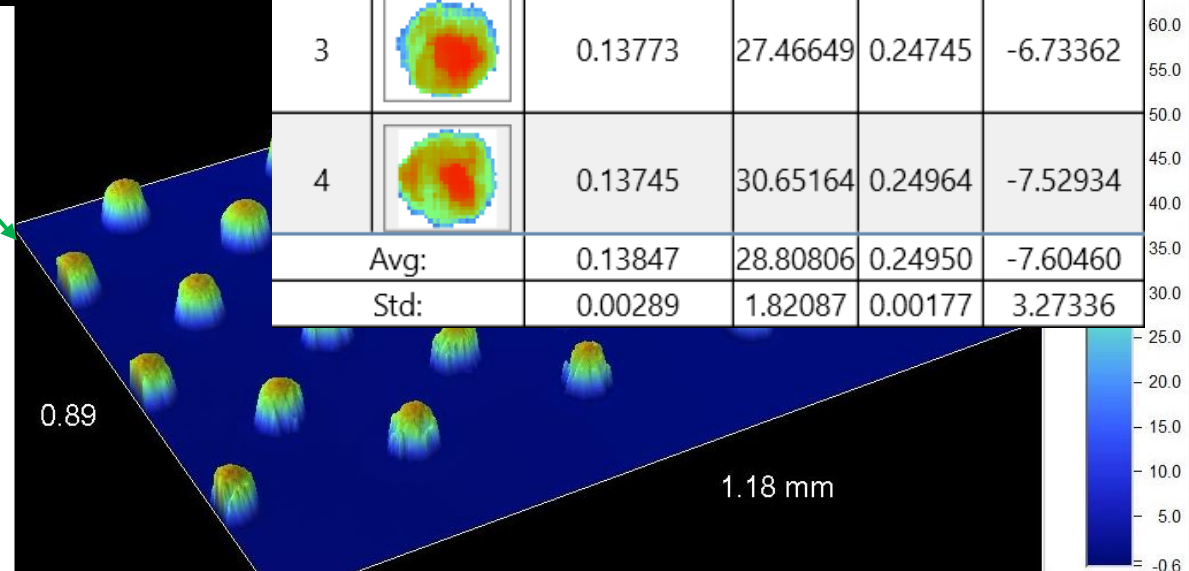
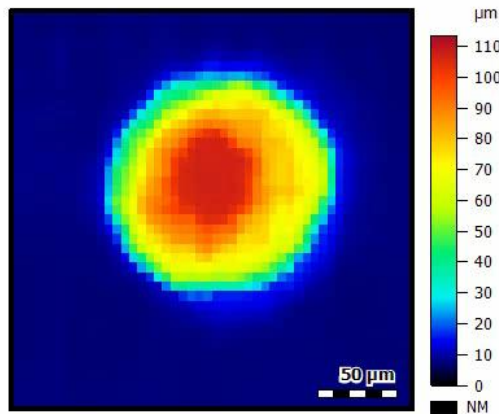
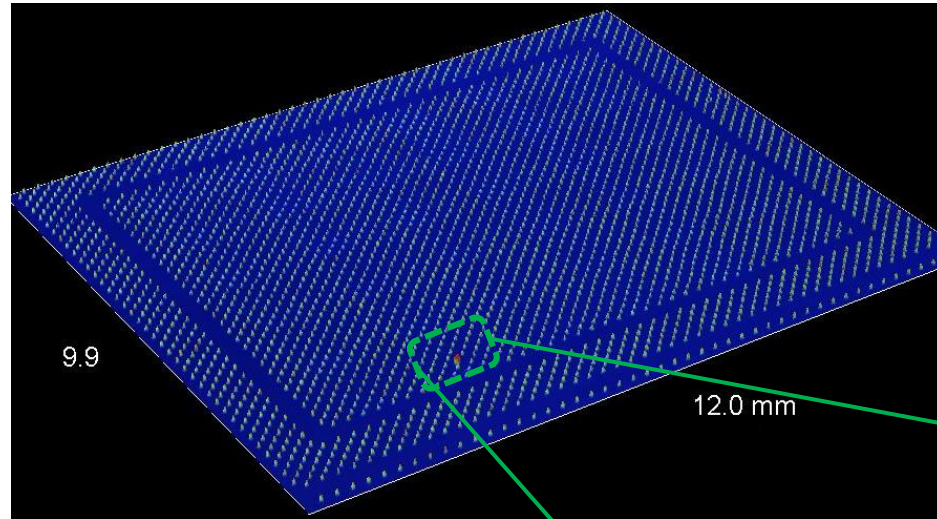
No	Region	Mean μm	X Diameter mm	Y Diameter mm
1		-127.365	0.195	0.192
2		-127.831	0.187	0.187
3		-127.908	0.201	0.195
4		-128.960	0.187	0.190

One head & Fast throughput
Nanometer repeatability



Bump array on full die

Coplanarity & Defect

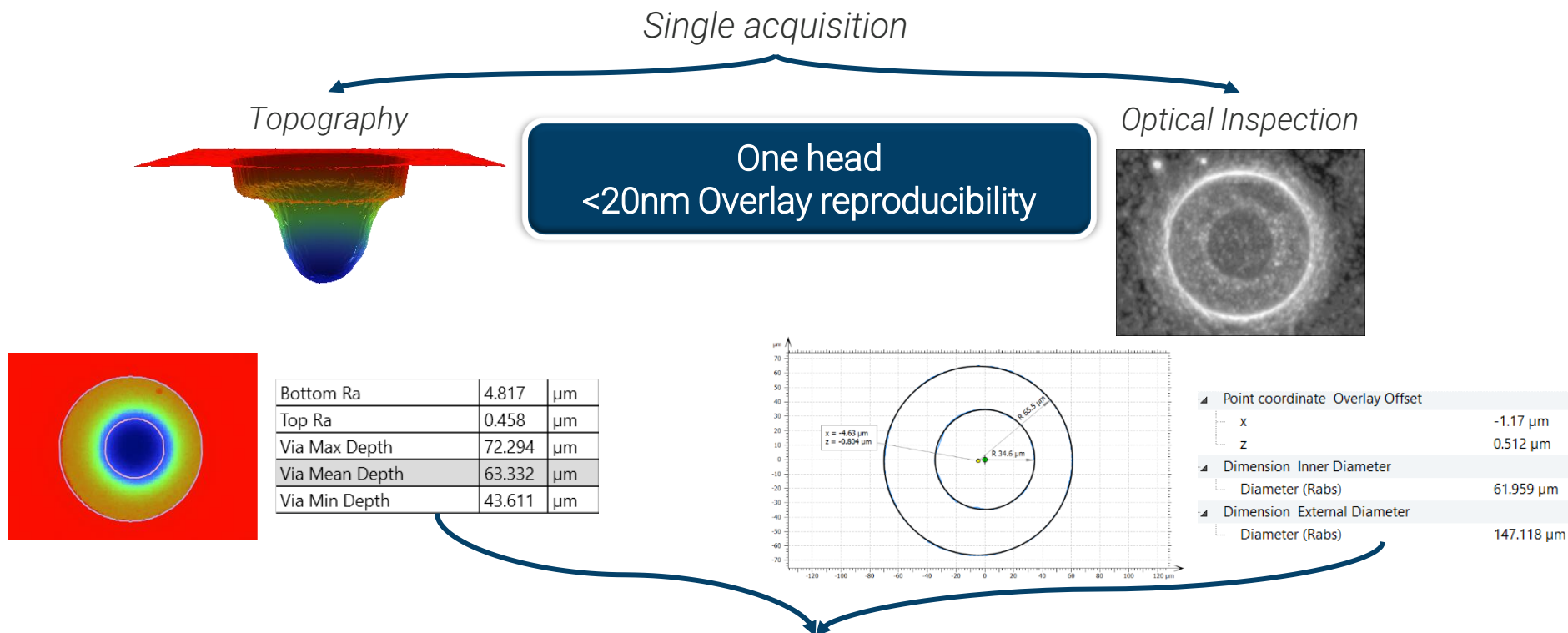


Shape Accuracy
Robust metrology independent
from color/reflectivity

No		Mean				
1		0.00000				
2		0.13929	27.17905	0.25219	-12.29723	70.4
3		0.13773	27.46649	0.24745	-6.73362	65.0
4		0.13745	30.65164	0.24964	-7.52934	60.0
Avg:		0.13847	28.80806	0.24950	-7.60460	55.0
Std:		0.00289	1.82087	0.00177	3.27336	50.0



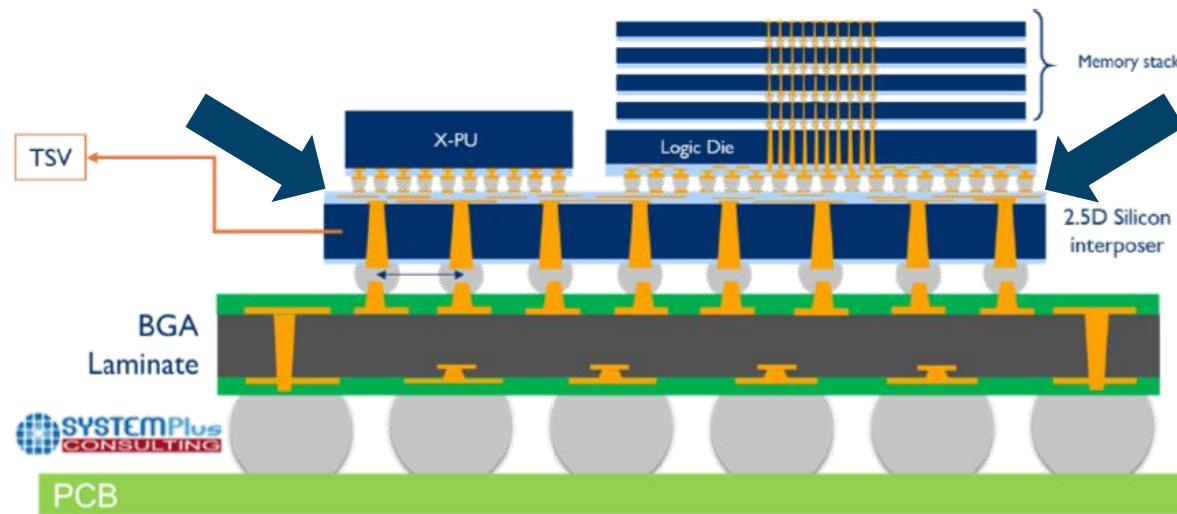
Fan-Out Packaging- Overlay Application Production Process Control



Same database

Database							
Measurement Number	Bottom Ra μm R: N/A M: N/A Always Always	Top Ra μm R: N/A M: N/A Always Always	Via Mean Depth μm R: N/A M: N/A Always Always	Overlay Offset X μm R: N/A M: N/A Always Always	Overlay Offset Y μm R: N/A M: N/A Always Always	Outer Ring Diameter μm R: N/A M: N/A Always Always	Inner Ring Diameter μm R: N/A M: N/A Always Always
1	4.817	0.458	63.332	-1.168	0.512	147.118	61.959

Redistribution Layer





Re-distribution Layer Fast and Repeatable Analysis

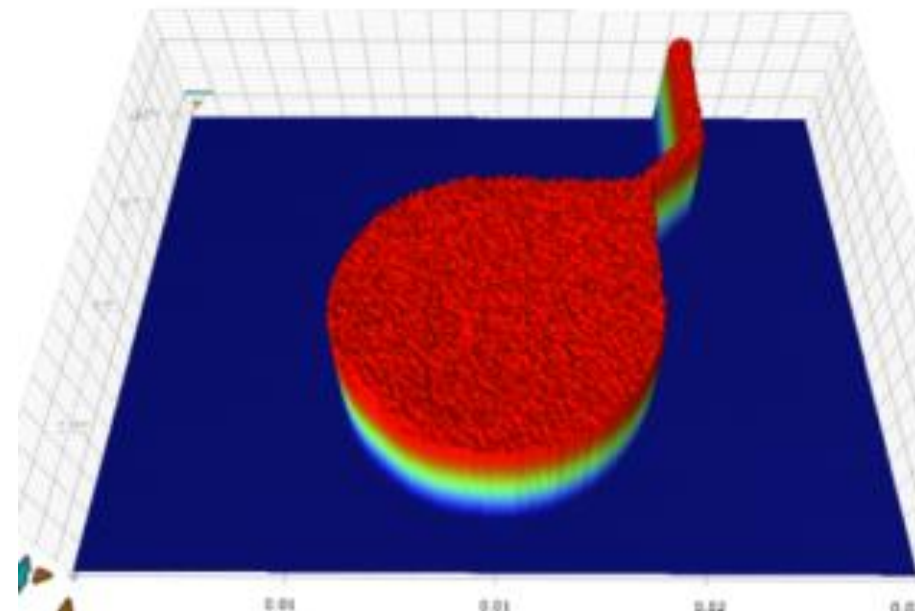
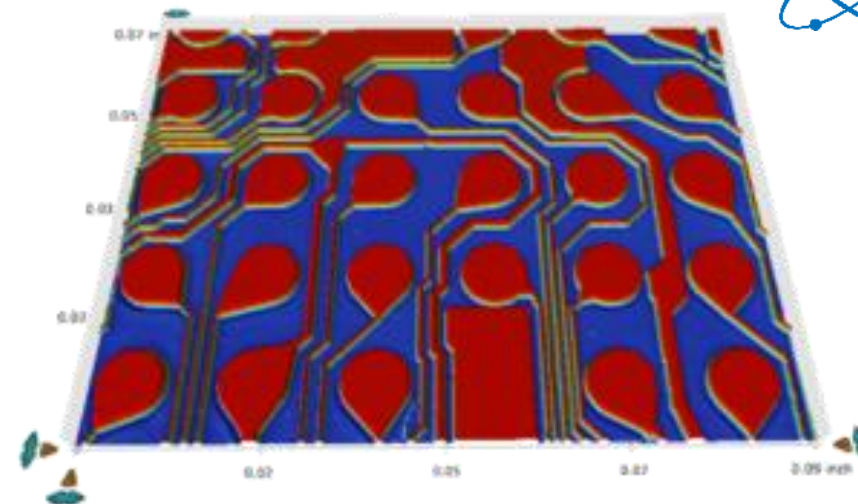
Static Repeatability	Cu thickness(um)
1	9.50
2	9.50
3	9.50
4	9.49
5	9.48
6	9.50
7	9.50
8	9.49
9	9.49
10	9.49
Average	9.49
Stdev	0.0074
Stdev%	0.08%

Typical Performance:
 <0.1% one sigma repeatability

High performance metrology ensures RDL
 performance & quality

Tight control of
 Cu thickness

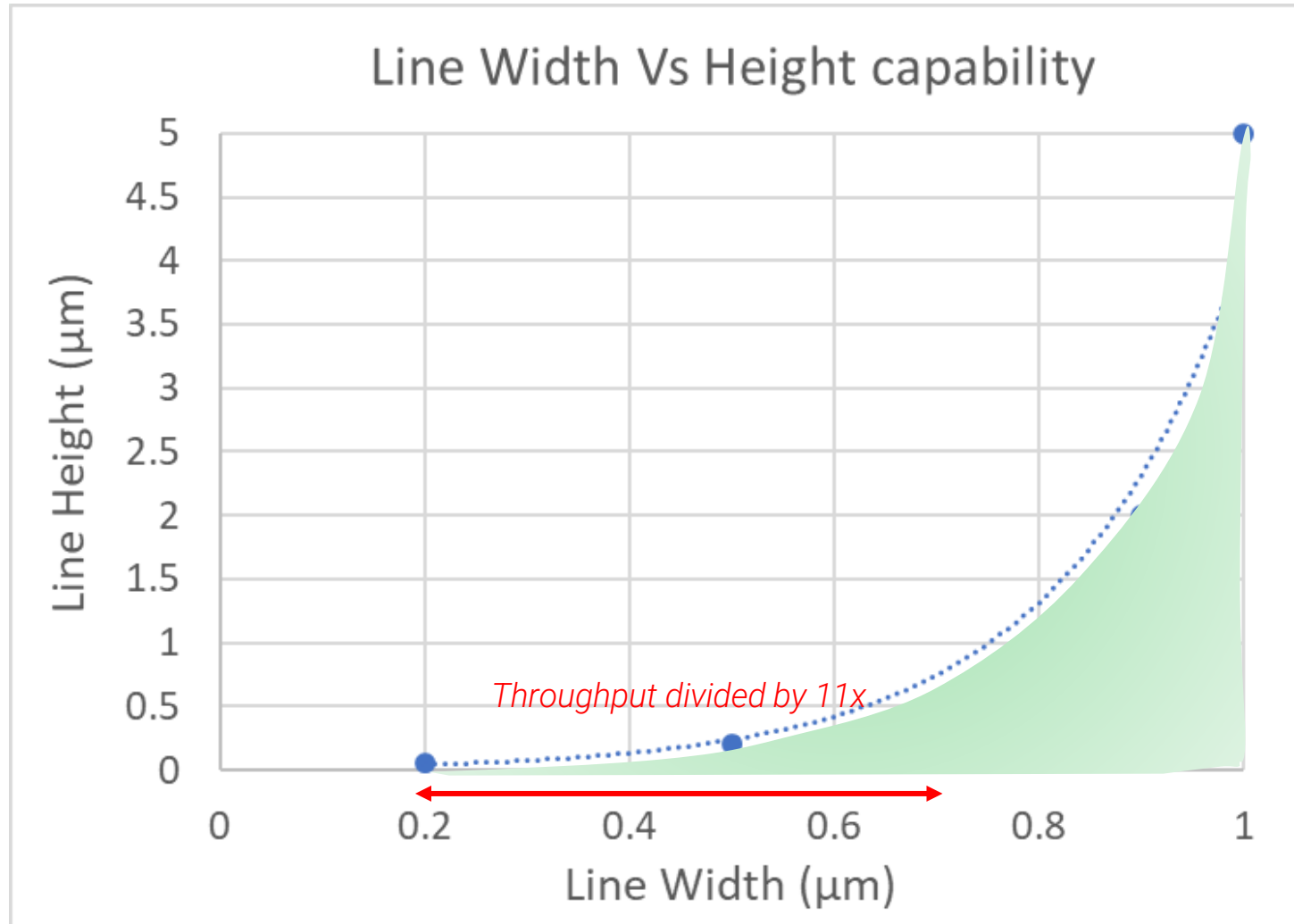
Copper Plating Thickness





Line width measurement

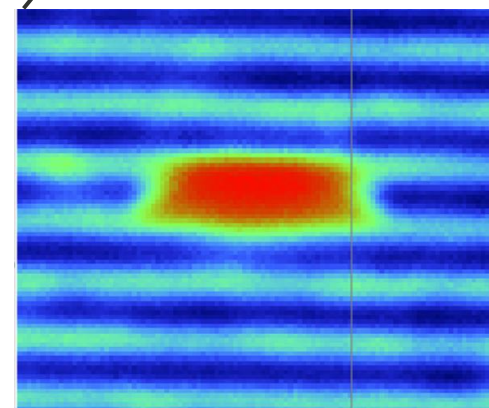
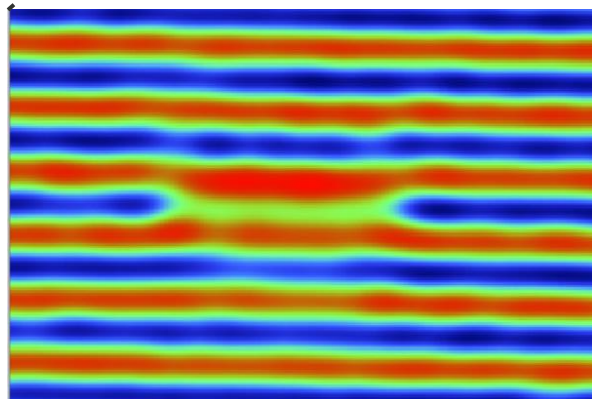
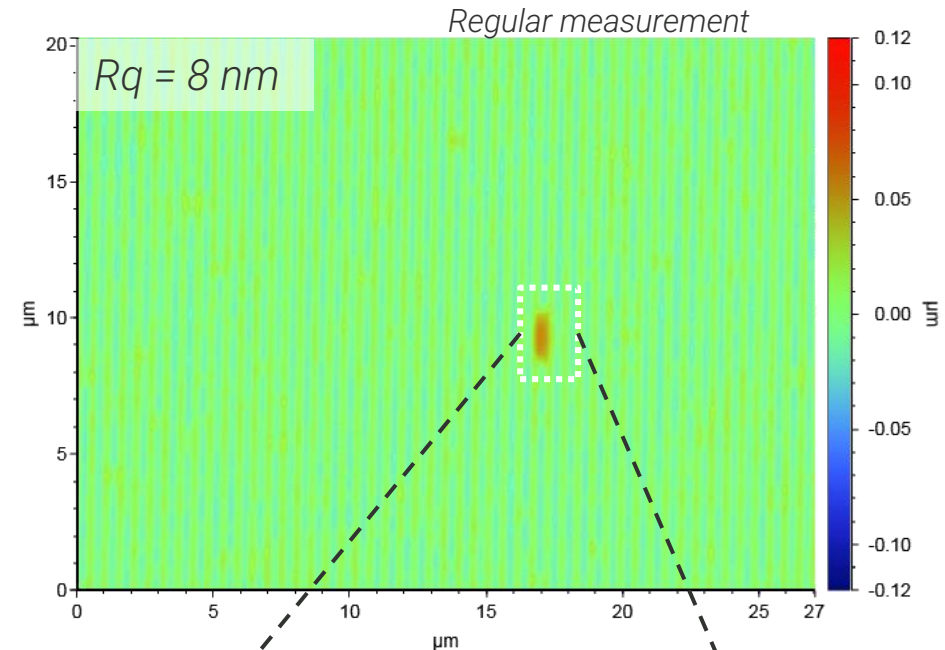
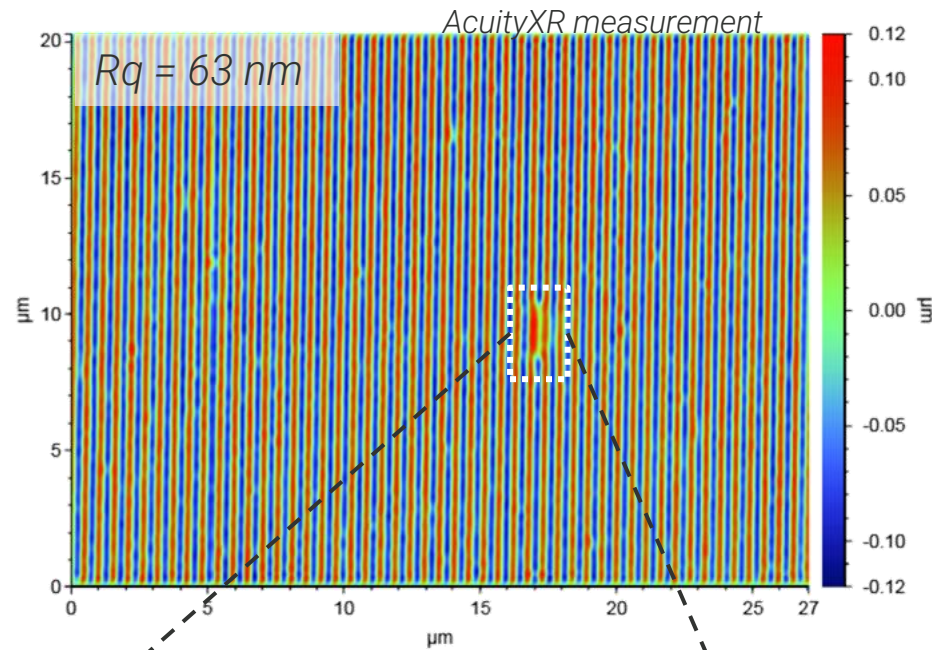
Optical boundaries





Line width measurement

True understanding of defect



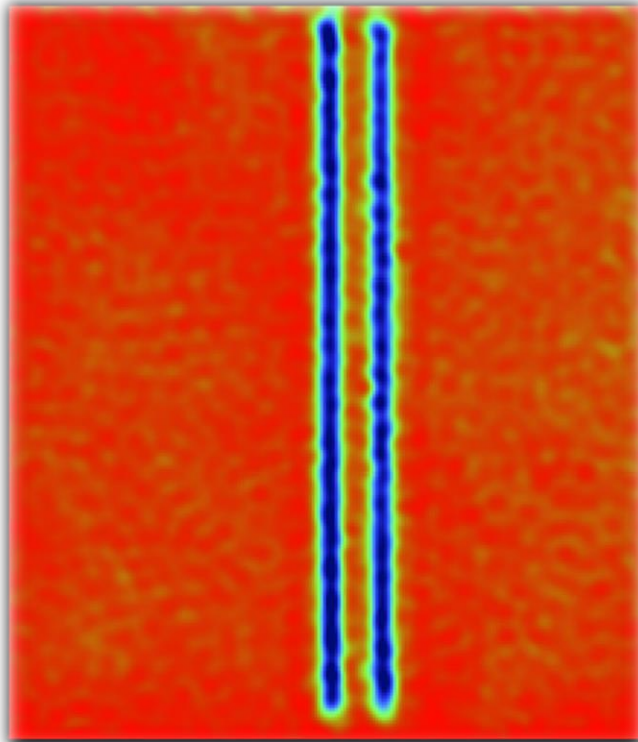
Resin collapses under capillary forces



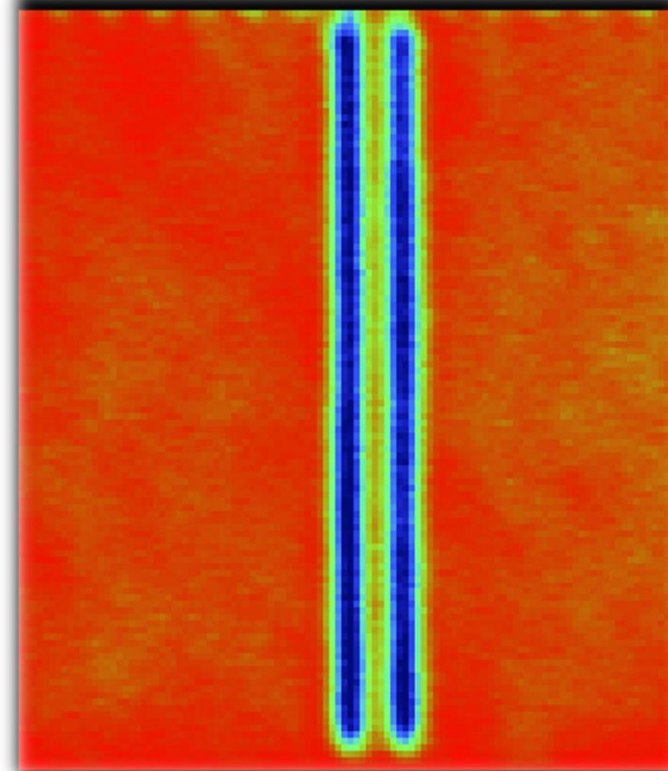
Line width measurement

Better performances in metrology

AcuityXR measurement



Regular measurement

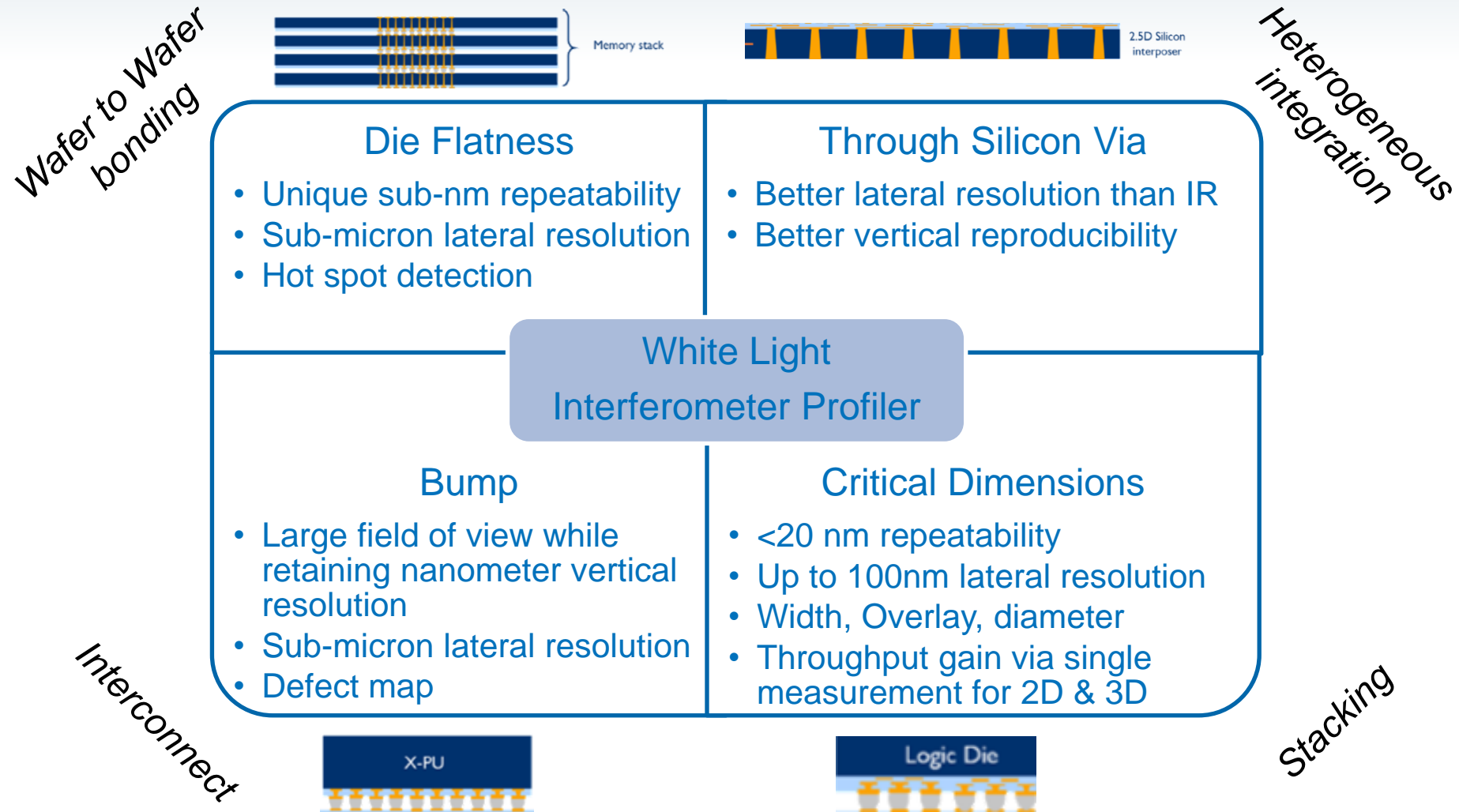


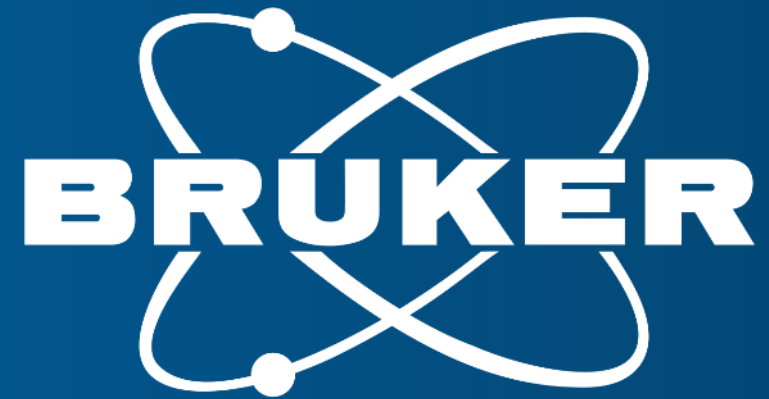
300nm line space

*11 μ m x 10 μ m
Z scale: 12nm*

Parameters	Standard	AcuityXR	Improvement
Line Width Std Dev (nm)	35.16	5.27	6.7x

Summary





Innovation with Integrity